# REVISION OF THE NORTH AMERICAN EMPII)LE-A FAMILY OF TWO.WINGED INSEOTS. 

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The Present paper, which is entirely preliminary in its rharacter, is based upon a study of the rich material contaned in the collection of the United States National Museum, supplemented by my own collection and the specimens received from several correspondents, notably from Dr. W. A. Nason, of Algonquin, lllinois; Annie Trmmbull Slosson, of New York City; Mr. Charles Robertson, of Carlinville, Illinois, and Prof. Howard Evarts Weed, of Agricnltural College, Mississippi. I desire in this place to thank all of those who by the gift or loan of specimens or in other ways have aided in the preparation of this paper, and especially the authorities of the Cnited States National Musemm, for the privilege of studying the fine series of specimens in the collection of that institution. Types of the new suecies, not previously possessed by the Mnsemm, have been deposited with it.

With all this material before me, however, there are still sereral species of which I have seen no representative, and in the tables which accompany this paper I hare in several instances been compelled to make use of only those characters mentioned in the existing descriptions. These tables, despite these imperfections, have been very useful to me in identifying the species, and they are giren in the hope that other students may find them equally helpful. Only those genera in which new species are herewith described are tabulated in the present paper, which deals only with the North American forms.

In Osten Sacken's Catalogne of the Described Diptera of North America, twenty-four genera of Empida are credited to our fauna. The following observations on some of them may not be out of place here:

Tachydromia.-The species catalogned under this genns belong to Platypalpus.

Tachypeza.-The species placed under this gemus belong to Tachydromia. Macquart restricted the latter name to the present group and applied the name P'latypalpus to the preceding group three years before Meigen proposed the name Tichypeza for the present group; consequently Macquart's name, being the earlier, must be retained. This
course has already been adopted by Dr. Schiner and the British entomologists.

Synamphotera.-This genus is not as yet known to occur in our fana; in the single species, S. bicolor, referred to it by Loew, the third vein is simple, and not forked; judging from the description, this species apparently belongs to the genus Sciodromia, Haliday, not heretofore reported as occurring in our fauna.

Ifemerodromid.-The species catalogued under this name are very heterogeneons, and in the present paper they are separated into three genera, viz: Muntipea, Rondani, Hemerodromia, Meigen, and a new genus for which the name of Neoplasta is proposed. I have followed Rondani in restricting the genus Hemerodromia to those forms in which the discal cell is united with one of the other cells, since this author appears to have been the first to dismember the old genus.
Since the publication of the above-mentioned catalogue, three new genera of Empidie have been proposed, viz, Mythicomyia, described by the writer, ${ }^{1}$ and Enoplempis and Megacyttarus, published by Bigot. ${ }^{2}$ Enoplempis was known to the author in the male sex only. Specimens of what is evidently the species described by him as Enoplempis cineret ${ }^{3}$ were collected by the writer in southern California. The females do not differ in any respect from typical species of Empis, and therefore should not be separated from it. Both Loew and Schiner have described under Empis forms structurally identical with Enoplempis.
The genus Megucittarus, Bigot, was founded on a single female specimen without antema; this is evidently the female of Rhamphomyia limbata, Loew, specimens of which are in the National Museum collection from the same locality (Colorado) as the type of Megacittarus, and were evidently from the same collector (Morrison). As the male of R. limbata does not differ in any respect from a typical Rhemphomyia, this proposed new genus must be regarded as being synonymons with the latter.
In the following pages four new genera are established, viz: Neoplasta, Empimorpha, Euhylus and Neocota; and two or three genera not heretofore known to occur in our fauna have been recognized, viz: Mfantipeza, Rondani, Sciodromia, Haliday (probably), and Meghyperus, Loew.
The genus Hilarimorpha, Schiner, has by some authors been placed in the present family, but it has much more affinity with the Leptide, to which family it has already been referred by Osten Sacken. Besides the analogies mentioned by this author as existing between Hilarimorpha and the other genera of Leptidæ, ${ }^{4}$ may be mentioned as a common character the entire eyes, as opposed to the eyes deeply emarginate opposite the autenne, as they are in the Empida.

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## The following table contains all the genera of Empida at present known to occur in North America:

## ANALYTICA1, KEY TO THE NORTH AMERICAN fiENERA OF EAlPll.1:

1. Third longitudinal vein forked ..... 2
Third longitudinal vein simple, not forked ..... 16
2. Discal rell present, complete ..... 4
Diseal rell united with one of the other cells ..... 3
3. With only two veins issuing from the tiscal cell, the anterior one forked Hemerodromiat (p, :31).
With three reins issuing from the discal cell, the anterior one simple, not forked Terplasta (1. 392).
4. Thre veins issue from apex of discal cell ..... 5
Two reins issue from discal cell, fourth vein forked, poboscis perpendicular
Mantipeza ( $\mathrm{p}, 392$ ).
5. Anterior branch of the third rein terminates in the costa (except in some speries of Empis) ..... 6
Anterior branch of the third rein terminates in the secoud vein; anal cell as long as the second basal, the rein at its apex perpendicular to hind margin of the wing. Blepharoprocta.
6. Proboscis shorter or hut slightly longer than height of head ..... 7
Proboseis mach longer than height of head; vein at apex of anal cell nearly parallel with the hind margin of the wing ..... 12
7. Vein closing the anal cell nearly perpendicular to the hind margin of the wing ..... 8
Vein closing the anal cell nearly parallel with the hind margin of the wing' ..... 9
8. Anterior branch of third vein connected with the second by a cross vein; veins 2 and 3 molnlating; wings dotted over their entire surfaceArdoptera.
Anterigr branch of third vein not connected with the second; veins never mudulating; wings not dotted over their encire surfacc; alulae well developed Brachystoma (p. 393).
9. Antemne three jointed ..... 10
Antenna onefifth as long as the head, apparently only two jointed. last joint oval: style thick, nearly half as long as the antenne; probos.is very short Hormopeza.
10. Antemal style nearls twice as long as the third joint; proboscis soft, much shorter than the head ..... 11
Antennal style searcely longer or shorter than the third joint; proboseis nsually rigid Hilara (p. 394).
11. Alulie well developed ..... filoma.
Alnla very small Clinocra.
12. Proboscis dibeted downward or backward ..... 13
Proboscis directed forward; arista of antenner very short ..... Iteophila.
13. Face naked ..... 14
Face clothed with bristly hairs Empimorphat (1, 396).
14. Ilind legs longer than the others, hind femora scarcely or not at all thick- ened ..... 15
IInd legs not louger than the others, hind femora greatly thickened, eyes in both sexes widely separated ..... I'ach!ymeria.
15. Proboscis not or searcely longer than height of hearl ..... Milara (p, 394).
Proboscis considerably longer than height of head Empis (1. 397 ).
16. Anal cell present, sixth vein never wholly wanting ..... 17
Anal cell wholly wanting, only the vein at its apex sometimes present. sixth vein wholly wanting, discal cell mited with one of the other rells ..... 31
17. Diseal cell present, complete ..... 18
Discal cell mited with one of the other cells ..... 30
18. Three veius issue from the discal cell, fourth vein always simple, never forked ..... 19
Two reins issue from the discal cell ..... 23
19. Vein at apex of anal cell nearly parallel with the hind margin of the wing, anal cell much shorter than the secomd basal ..... 20
Vein at apex of anal cell not parallel with the hind margin of the wing, anal cell almost as long as or longer than the second basal cell ..... 22
20. Proboscis as loug as or longer than height of hearl, antenu: distinctly three jointerl ..... 21Proboscis shorter than height of head, antennar aparently two jointedMicrophorus ( 1,409 ).
21. Face naked lihamp homyia (1, 409).Face clothed witlo bristly lairsNeocota (1. 431).
22. Sceond vein terminates in the costa, anal cell elosed far from the wing marcin Sciortomia.secoml vein terminates in the first, anal cell reaches the wing marginMythicomyia (1. 409).23. Fourth vein simple, not forlied24Fourth rein forked, anal cell as long as wr longer than the second basal,the rein at its apex nearly perpendicular to the hind margin of thewingMeghyperus (p. 435).
23. Vein at apex of anal cell nearly perpendicular to the hind margin of thewing25
Vein at apex of anal cell nearly parallel with the hind margin of the wing Some females of Rhamphomyia (p. LOS).
24. Antennal arista apical ..... 26
Antemnal arista subdorsal, third antwnal joint oval, anal cell shorter than the secomd basal Ocyelromia.
25. Anal cell as long as or longer than the second hasal ..... 27
Anal cell shorter than the second hasal, origin of second vein from the first nearer to the hmmeral than to the small rross rein. Leptopesa ( 1 . 435 ).27. Origin of the second vein nearer the small cross vein than to the humeral,or midway between them28
Origin of the second rein nearer the hmmeral than to the small cross reinsyneches (1. 436)
26. Vein between tirst and secomd hasal rells present ..... $\because 9$
Yein letween tirst and second hasal cells wanting ..... Syudyas.
27. Eyes in both sexes wirlely separated on the face, under side of first two joints of hind tarsi bearing short hack spines Hybbos (1. 137).
Eyes in hotlo sexes contignous on the face, under side of hind tarsi destitute of stont black spines Euhybus (11. 437).
28. Middle femora slender, rein at apex of anal cell nearly parallel with the hind margin of the wing 'yrtoma.
Middle femora greatly thickened, vein at apex of anal cell nearls perpen- dicular to the hind margin of the wing Platypalpus (p. 438).
29. Antemnal arista apieal ..... 32
Antennal arista dorsal or subdorsal ..... 33
30. Front femora thickened Tachydromia (p.439).
Front femora not thickened Drequetis.
31. Palpi hroad, front of an equal lreadth ..... Stilpon.Palpi narrow, elongatePhoneutisca.

## Genus HEMERODROMIA, Meigen.

The occurrence in North America of $H$. precutoria, Meigen, rests on Walker's anthority, aud will require verifying before being accepted. Our species are brought together in the following table:

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ANALYTICAL KEY TO THE SPECIE& OF IHENEIODROMIA
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> Anal cell, or at least the cross rein at its apex, present.
> Thorax and abdomen yellow defecta.
> Thorax and abdomen black .albipes.

Anal cell wholly absent.

1. Thorax, or at least the pleura and stermm, red or yellowish

Thorax wholly black, no large tubercle on underside of front femora near the lase. . cetptus (p. 391).
2. With a medio-dorsal black vitta on the thorax, front femora destitnte of a large tubercle on the under side near the base ...................empiformis.
With two black dorsal vitte on the thorax, front femora bearing a large, spine tipped tubercle on the under side near the base ......... superstitions.
With no black vitta on the thorax, front femora as in the preceding speries rogatoris ( $1,3: 3212$ ).

## HEMERODROMIA CAPTUS, new species.

Male.-Head black, white pollinose, depresser; antennse and proboscis light yellow; proboscis riwid, slighty shorter than height of head, projecting obliquely backward; first antennal joint one-half as long as the second, the thind two and a half times as long as the second and one and a half times as broad, broadly oval but tapering to the apex, the apical third styliform; upper side of third joint short pilose; style robust, one-third as long as the third joint; eyes bare, widely separated. Thorax, sentellum, metanotum, pleura, and sternum black, opaque grayish pollinose, bristles of thorax and of seutellum mieroscopic. Abdomen brownish black, the sides narrowly, front corners of each segment and the vanter, yellow. Legs, including the coxie, light yellow, front femora mot longer than the coxie, greatly thickened, nearly three times as thick as the tibia, with small teeth below, as has also the tibie. Base of front femora destitute of a tuberele on the inner side beyond apex of the folded tibie, the spine at this point springing directly from the surface. Wings lyaline, stigma wanting, as are also the discal and amal cells; socond basal cell exceeding the first by abont twice the length of the cross rein at apex of the second; upper fork of fourth rein abont equaling the length of the pennltimate section of that vem. Halteres light rellow.

Type.-No. 3151, U.S.N.M.; length, 2 to 3 mm. Five specimens in the National Musemm collection.

Locality.-New York.

## HEMERODROMIA ROGATORIS, new species.

The male differs from $H$. cuptus as follows: Thorax, scutellum, metanotum, plenra, and sternum light red. Abdomen in middle of dorsum brownish red, the seventh segment wholly light yellow; hypopyginm large, projecting both above and below the abdomen, reddish brown. Middle and hind cosie light red; on the under side of each front femur near its base, and just beyond the tip of the folded tibia, is a rather large blunt tuberele, bearing at its summit a stont spine directed obliquely formard.

Type.-No. $315^{2}$, U.S.N.M.; length, 4 mm . A single specimen.
Loculity.-North Carolina.
NEOPLASTA, new genus.
ITead somewhat depressed, eyes widely separated in both sexes; antenne much shorter than the head, three jointed, third joint oral, slighty longer than broad, pointed at the apex, thickly short pilose; style apical, robust, much shorter than the third joint; proboseis projecting downward, subegual in length to height of head; palpi small, nearly cylindrical. Front coxd two-thirds as long as the front femora, the latter nearly twice as thick as the other femora, which are slender; none of the tibite armed with a stout spur at the tip. Wings with the third vein forked, the discal cell present and sending three veins to the wing margin; secoul basal cell united with the diseal, anal cell present, the vein at its apex nearly perpendicular to the hind margin of the wing.

Type.-Hemerodromia scapularis, Loew, in the Museum of Comparative Zoölogy, Cambridge, Massachusetts.

Genus MANTIPEZA, Rondani.

> ANALYTICA1, KEY TO THE SPECIEN OF MANTIPEZA,

1. Thorax largely yellow, abdomen and venter partly yellow.

Thorax and abdomen wholly ash-gray, stigma of wings fellowish brown . valida.
2. Lateral margins of thorax black, scutellum blackish
3. Thorax with a medio-lorsal black vitta, stigma of wings romd, hlack ....... notata.

Thorax destitute of such a vitta, stigma rery pale yellowish, searcely visible obsoleta.

Loew's three species of this genus were originally described under Hemerodromia.

## MANTIPEZA PALLORIS, new species.

Male and female.-Head, black; face, cheeks, and lower part of front nearly to the lowest ocellus, yellow, densely white pollinose; antenna, proboscis, and palpi, light yellow. Thorax reddish yellow, marked with two slightly darker vittar and with a whitish stripe between them;
pleura reddish yellow; scutellum light yellow, bearing two lomg apical and two much shorter lateral bristles; metanotum reddish brown; abdomen yellow, with a medio dorsal, indistinct brownish vitta: legs and halteres yellow; wings lyaline; stigma wanting.

Types.-Nos. 31.53 and 3154 , U.S.N.M.: lengtlı, 4 to 5 mm . Three males and one female.
Locality.-New Hampshire.

## Genus BRACHYSTOMA, Meigen.

The species described by Loew belong to Blepharoproctn, a gems which he fomdet for their reception.

## BRACHYSTOMA ROBERTSONII, new species.

Mole-Head black, gray pollinose; eyes separated as widely as the upper ocelli, facets of a miform size: face naked. ssancely one-half as wide as the front; antemas yellow, the third joint except at base, and the style, brown; first joint shorter than the second, the third lanceolate, scarcely twice as long as broad. twice as long as the second; style terminal, curved, one-thind longer than the third joint : preboseis yellow, thick, perpendicular. nearly two-thirds as long as height of head; palpi whitish, perpendicular. Thorax wery shining hack; pleura blackish, opaque light gray pollinose: metanotum and scritellum the same, the latter bearing two bristles; no pile in front of lalteres. Abdomen compressed, shining yellowish, a large dorsal blackish-brown spot on each segment; hypopygimm large, ascending, each upper lamella produced at the outer angles into a pair of long, erect, cylindrical, brown processes; middle lamelle very large, earch bearing at its tip a rather large curved process, in front of which is a small, pilose tuberele, while behind it is a smaller tubercle bearing a few long whitish hristles: the imer side of each middle lamella bears a long, eylindrical, brown-tipped process; filament slender, arenate, proceeding from apex of the rather large lower lamella. Legs, including the coxa, yellow; front cosa not one-half as long as their femora; front and hind femora slender, the middle greatly thickened, nearly twice as thick as the front ones; their muler sides thickly beset with reery short hack spines and with longer black bristles; inner side of midnde tibia also thickly beset with very short black spines; lind femora bearing a black bristle on front side before the apex, a similar one on outer side of hind tibier near the base; all metatarsi nearly equally slender, the hind ones one-third longer than the others. Knob of halteres yellow. Wings nearly hyaline, stigma wanting, first basal cell slightly longer than the anal, which is a tritle longer than the second basal.
Type-No. 315̈, U.S.N.M.; length, 4 mm. Received by the author from Mr. Charles Robertson.

Locality.-Illinois.

## Genus HILARA, Meigen.

## ANALITICAL KEY TO THE SPECIES OF HILARA.

1. 'Thorax llack ..... 3
Thorax. femora, and halteres yellow ..... 2
Thorax and ablomen metallie green ..... viridis (1, 395).
2. 'Tarsi wholly hrown, pile on inner side of uiddle tibie long ..... testuren.
Tarsi brown onls at apex, elsewhere yellow, pile on inner side of middle tili,ir short lutea.
3. Femora black ..... 10
Femora yellowish ..... 4
4. Knol of halteres yellowish ..... 6
Knob of halteres black ..... 5
5. Wings darker at apex than toward the base, scutellum bearing six bristles: length, 5111 . umbrosa.
Wings not darker at apex than elsewhere, scutellnm bearing only four bristles; length, 3 mm gracilis.
Wings gray: length of body, 2 mm ..... migrata.
6. Abdomen wholly black ..... 7
Abdomen on hasal half yellow, palpi yellow, stigma blackish brown ..... basalis.
7. Posterior legs and the stigma hlackish ..... plebeja.
Posterior legs largely or wholl, yellow ..... 8
8. Palpi yellow, stigma blackish ..... 9
Palpi hlack, stigma obsolete. macropitera.
9. Pile of thorax in rows, front metatarsi thickened, orate. ..... seriata.
Pile not in rows, front metatarsi not thickened, antemme of male eight times as lonir as the head johusoni (1). 395).
10. Knob of halteres ! lack ..... 12
Knob of halteres yellowish, palpi black ..... 11
11. Stigma brownish black, knees yellow ..... trivittatu.
Stigma ohsolete, knees whitish leucoptera.
12. Stigma hownish lolack ..... 13
Stigma obsolete, palpi black, front femora in hoth sexes very thick, knees. tips of front tibise and their tarsi yellow ..... femoriata.
13. 'Thorax gray ish-black, never relvety ..... 14
Thorax and head velvet black, scutellnm and abdomen shining, palpi black, cox: and leas wholly black ..... relutina.
14. Abdomen shining or sulshining ..... 17
Ablomen opaque, palpi, coxe, and legs, excepting the knees, wholly black.. ..... 15
15. Front velvet black, wings blackish ..... tristis.
Front grayish, not relvety ; wings hyaline or pale grayish ..... 16
16. Pile of abdomen largely yellowish, thorax marked with three blackish vittaerna (1. 395).l'ile of abdomen black, thorax not vittateunicolor.
17. Palpi yellow ..... 19
Palpi back, coxie and legs, excepting the knees, black ..... 18
18. Thorax shining, not vittate ..... atrot.
Thorax "payne gray pollinose, marked with threo black vittee ..... mutabilis.
19. Front coxir and base of front femora yellow, wings pale grayish ..... nigriventris.
Frout coxir and hase of femora hlack, wings hyaline brevipila.

Hiluru tronsfugu, Walker, is too imperfectly described to admit of giving it a place in this table.

HILARA JOHNSONI, new species.
Male ond femule.-Black: the palpi, halteres, coxar, femora and tibis yellow. Eyes of male separated over twice the width of the lowest ocellus. Hearl, thorax, and semtellum opaque gray pollinose, that on the thorax somewhat yellowish, their short pile and bristles blatk; scutellum bearing fon bristles: abrlomen snbshining, its pile rather long, black. Wings hyaline, stigma dark brown. Proboseis of male slightly orer one-half as long as, in the female finly as long as, height of head. Antenne of female three times as long as the head, but in the male excessirely long, being fnlly eight times as long as the hear, the third joint five times as long as the first, the style three-fourths as long as the third joint and eoiled spirally townd its tip, a character not oecmring in any other Empid known to me.

Types.-Nos. 3156 and :315\%, U.S.N.M. Three males and one female; lensth, 3.5 to 4 mm . Collected by Mr. C. W. Johmson, of Philadelphia, Iemnsylvania, after whom I take pleasure in naming this remarkable species.

Locality.-Entanla, Alabama.

## HILARA CANA, new species.

Male.-Wholly blatk, including the palpi and knees. Head opaque, gray pollinose, the pile black. First two antemal joints subequal in length, the third three times as long as the second, style nearly as long as the third joint. I'roboseis as long as height of head. Eyes witely separated. Thorax oparne gray poilinose, marked with three brownishblack vitta, pile and bristles black; plemra naked. Soutellum bearing four hack bristles. Abdomen and hypopyginm opagne gray pollinose, the pile largely yellowish. Legs bearing rather long seattered pile, none of the femora musmally robnst, front tibie more robnst than the middle ones, front metatarsi greatly enlarged. Wings hy̧aline, stigma grayish-black.

Femole.-Like the male, except that the front tibise are not thicker than the middle ones, and the front metatarsi are not enlarged.

Types.-Nos. 315 aud 315!, U.S.N.M.; length, 3 to 4 mm . Twelve males and seven females collected by the writer in February and Mareh.

Locality.-Southern California.

HILARA VIRIDIS, new species.
Male.-Shining metallic green, the pleura largely black, anteme, proboscis, hypopyeinm, and legs yellowish brown; eyes separated winth of lower orellus; proboseis slightly shorter than height of head: halteres black; pile and bristles of entire body black; seutellum bearing only two bristles: wngs lyaline, veins yellowish, anterior branch of third vein perpendicular to that vein.

Type.-No. 3160 , U.S.N.M., a single specimen; length, 2.5 mm . Collected by Mr. T. D. A. Cockerell, November :3, 1892.

Loculity.-Kingston, Jamaica, West Indies.

## EMPIMORPHA, new genus.

Same as Empin, except that the face is covered with long bristly hairs; antemnal style apical, proboseis directed downward, longer than height of head; third vein forked; discal cell perfect, sending three reins to the wing margin; anal cell shorter than the second basal, the vein at its apex nearly parallel with the lind margin of the wing.

Type.-Empimorpha comantis, new species, described below.
Two species, botlı from California, oceur in our fanna.

## ANALYTICAL KEY TO THE SPECIES OF EMPIMORPIIA.



EMPIMORPHA COMANTIS, new species.
Male.-Head black, gray pollinose; pile of face mixed black and white; eyes narrowly separated, the space between them being narrower than width of lowest ocellus, the upper facets noticeably larger than the lower ones: antenne black, the second joint reddish, slightly over one-thitd as long as the first; third joint subequal with the first, twice as long as broad; style slender, as long as the third joint; proboscis two and one-half times as long as height of head, projecting obliquely downward and backward; palpi slender, curving upward, yellowish, the base brown, the pile black and white. Thorax black, shining, three vittie and the broad lateral margins opaque gray pollinose; pile of thorax very abmulant, whitish, two longitudinal stripes of largely black pile on the dorsum; pleura black, gray pollinose, its pile whitish. Scutellum black, thickly whitish pilose, destitnte of stout bristles. Abromen shining black, depressed, twice as long as wide; its pile very abuntant, on the first two segments and sides of the others largely whitish, on dorsum of remaining segments mostly black; hypopyginm small, central filament hidden exrept at hase. Legs rather robust, redlish yellow; coxie, under side of each femm, apex of each tibia, and of each tarsal joint, blarkisl: legs simple, the pile abundant. Knob of halteres black. Wings hyaline, grayish toward the apex; veins, stigma, and a spot above furcation of second and third reins, dark brown.

Femule.-Same as the male, except that the first abdominal segment aud the bases of the second and third are opaque gray pollinose.

Types.-Nos. 3161 and 316 . U.S.N.M.: length, 11 mm . A male and female were received from Mr. Charles Fuchs, of San Francisco, California.

Locality.-Northern California.

## Genus EMP1S, Linnæus.

As stated on a preceding page, Enoplempis mira. Bigot, and EV. cinerch, Bigot, both belong to Empis. However, as the name Empis cinered is preoccupied for a European species, Bigot's description of $E$. cinered should lie canceled.

Empis geniculete, Kirly, is evidently a synonym of E. Iuctuose, Kirby.
Empis sociabilis. Williston, is described in the Kansas University Quarterly. ${ }^{1}$

E'mpis agasthus, Walker, is too imperfectly described to he admitted in the table given below; it is from Hudsons Bay; is black, the halteres and legs yellowish, apices of femora, of tibix, and of tarsi blackish, the wings colorless; length, $\ddot{3}^{\text {mom. }}$

1. Thorax, including the pleura, wholly black........................................... 16
Thorax, or at least the pleura, and also the femora. largely or wholly fel-
lowish............................................................................................. 2
2. Knob of halteres yellowish..................................................................... 3
Knob of halteres blackish, head black, thorax with a medio-dorsal black

3. Thorax yellowish, marked with four or five blackish vitta....................... 4
Thorax not vittate, or with a medio-clorsal vitta, or the entire dorsum grayisll black8
4. Head grayish black ..... 5
Head and abdomen yellow; hind femora black vittate, and in the male fur- nished with teeth-like processes on the nuder side near the apex; hind tibie furnished with similar processes near the base. ..... mira.
5. Abdomen, except sometimes at apex, wholly black, coxie black ..... 6
Abdomen sellow, base of each segment blackish, coxie Jellow, femora not vittate, hind femora and tibie of male simple ..... sordida.
6. Front and michlle femora black vittate, antenne yellow except at tip, pro- boscis as long as the thorax ..... eudumides.
Front and middle femora destitute of black vittae ..... 7
7. Proboscis shorter than the body, antenne wholls black, dorsmof thorax never grayish, wings brownish ..... ollius.
Proboscis nearly as loug as the borly, first two joints of antenure yellowish, dorsum of thorax grayish, wings hyaline............................... abcirus.
8. Head yellowish ..... 9
Head blackish ..... 12
9. Abilomen yellowish, ummarked ..... 10
Abdomen blackish, sites and hind margin of eath segment yellow, eyes of male separated, hind legs furnished with teeth-like processes.......armipes.
10. First two joints of anteunir jellow; length, 4 mm ..... 11
First two joints of antenne black; length, 6 mm . ..... colomica. ..... colomica.11. Anterior branch of third rein connected with the secoud by a cross vein, allcross veins bordered with brown.peciloptera.
Anterior branch not connecterl with the second vein, cross veins not bor-cleredpallida.
11. Abdomen, except sometimes the sides, wholly blackish: antenuie black ..... 14
Abdomen yellowish; apex of each segment, aud sometimes a median vitta, blackish; dorsum of thorax grayish black ..... 13
Abdomen and thorax yellow, ummarked; eyes of male sulbcontignons; fila- ment of hypopygium free, slender, arcuate rufescens.
12. Abdomen with a merlio dorsal black vitta, first two joints of antenne black, pleura mmarked longipes.
Abdomen destitute of a medio-dorsal vitta, first two joints of antenneyellow, pleura marked with black, scutellum bearing four bris-tles.humile (1.403).
13. Sides of thorax and of venter not thickly pilose. ..... 15
Sides of thorax and of renter covered with long, abundant yellow pile. lanirentris.
14. Tibite wholly yellow, hind legs simpleamytis.amytis.
Tibia black on apical part, hind femora near the apex and hind tibia near
Tibia black on apical part, hind femora near the apex and hind tibia near the hase furnished with terth-like processes in the male; eyes widely separated, scutellum bearing two bristles loripedis (p. 400)
15. Femora black or very dark brown. ..... 42
Femora largely or wholly yellowish ..... 17
16. Knob of halteres yellowish ..... 22
Knol of halteres hlackish ..... 18
17. Front and middle coxe black ..... 19Front aud middle coxie yellow, anterior hranch of third rein usually endingin the second, eyes of male contiguous, filament of hypopgium slen-der, hidden except on hasal part: hoth sides of each femmr and tibia,and mper side of frout and hind metatarsi in the female ciliate withscales19. Pile of ablomen hlack, sparse; that of thorax sparse............................. 2020
Pile on sides of abdomen white, abundant, thorax thickly pilose, scutellum pilose and bearing twelve marginal bristles, hind femora twice as thick as their tibiar, antennal style as long as the third joint.. comantis (1. 402).
18. Palpi yellow ; length, 7 to 9 mm ..... 21
Palpi black, apices of tibiar hackish, wings brownish, eyes of male contig- uous, filament of hypopygium hidden; length, 4 mm ..... spiloptera.
19. Scutellum bearing ten marginal bristles, abdomen on first four segments opaque gray pollinose, wings lisaline ..... ralentis (p.402).
Scutellum bearing only four luristles, abdomen shining, wings brownish gray,eyes of male separated, filament of hypopyginm filiform.. humile (p. 403).
20. Wings hyaline or grayislı ..... 24
Wings brown ..... 23
21. Antemnal style almost one-half as long as the broad third joint, eyes of male widely separated ..... tenebrosa (b.404).
Autennal style less than one-fonrth as long as the elongated third joint, ejes of male contiguons ..... spectabilis.
22. Abdomen black or dark brownish ..... 27
Abrlomen yellowish, sometimes marked with black ..... 25
23. Dorsum of abdomen not marked with black in the middle. ..... 26
Dorsum of abdomen more or less black in the middle, eyes of male widely separated, filament of bypopygium very thick at base, then suddenly attenuated; length, $6 \frac{1}{2}$ mum loripedis (p.400).
24. With a long bristle on costa near its base, pile of abdomen black, stigma uis- tinct; length, 6 mm tersa (p.404)
Without such a bristle, pile of abdomen whitish, stigma wanting; length, $3 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~mm}$ ..... compta ( P .405 ).
25. Pile in frout of lalteres black ..... 30
Pile in front of halteres whitish; length, 6 to 7 mm ..... 28
26. Sentellum bearing at least six bristles, muler side of apical half of hind femora of female eiliate with scales. rarida (1.403). and tibie of female ciliate with seales. captus (p. 105 ).
scutellum bearing four bristles, legs of female not ciliate ..... 29
27. W'ings grayish, stigma distinet ..... avida (p. 105).
Wings whitish, stigma winting levicula (p. 106).
28. Males ..... 31
Females. ..... 36
29. Filament of hypopyerim free, at least on lower half ..... 32
Filament hidden, eyes widely separated; hind femora on under side near the tip, and hind tibio near the base, hearing teeth-like processes. . poplitea.
30. Hind femora near the tip and hind tibis near the base destitute of tecth- like processes. ..... 33
Hind femora and tibir hearing such processes, eyes separated manca (p.406). ..... 34
Abdomen opadue, eyes widely separated, hind trochanters prodneed at apex and ciliate with black spines; filament of hypopygium musmally thick at base ..... 35
31. Front coxse black, eyes widely separated, scntellum bearing four bristles, wing veins brown; length, 5 mm ; antennal style one-third as long as the third joint otiosa (p. 407).
Front coxa black, veins hrown, antennal style over one-half as long as third joint humile (p. 403).
Front eoxi yellow, wing reins white; length, 3 mm ..... varipes.
Front coxie brown, scutellum bearing only two bristles, all femora not fur. nished with black spines on the under side, wing veins blaekish; leugth, 4 mm ..... distans.
32. Hypopygium with a backwardly curving, lunate process on its under side,wings pure hyaline, pollen of abdomen light gray ................ reciproca.
Hypopygium destitute of such a process, wings grayish, pollen of abdomen brownish ..... muda.
33. Abdomen opaque ..... 38
Abdomen shiniug ..... 37
34. Front coxie yellow ; length, $3 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~mm}$ ..... varipes.
Front coxie black; length, 6 mm ..... otiosa (p. 407 ).
35. Costa destitute of a loug bristle near its base ..... 39
Costa bearing such a bristle, whiel equals the second joint of the front tarsi in length; front and hind metatarsi subequal in length.... manca (p. 406).39. Metatarsi yellowish40
Metatarsi black, pollen of abdomen brownish ..... mula.
36. Third antemnal juint sleuder, elongate ..... 41
Third joint broad, short, scarcely twice as long as the style; second segment of abdomen bearing a fringe of long black bristles toward the sides near the hind margin gulosa (p. 408).
37. Eastern species (New Hampshire) ..... reciproca.
Western species (Colorado to Alaska) ..... popliter.
38. Knob of halteres blackish ..... 5
Knob of halteres yellowish ..... 48
39. Males ..... 41
Females ..... 50
40. Eses contiguons, or nearly so ..... 46
Eyes distinetly separated ..... 15
41. Legs very slender, filament of hypopygium hidden, abdomen oparue; length, 4 mm ..... slenoptera.
Legs very robust, flament free, abdomen shining, the last segment destitute of white pollen otiosa (p. 407).
42. Venter destitute of a bristly process in front of the hypopygium ..... 47
Venter furnished with two eurred, black, bristly processes in front of thehypopyginm; filament of the latter lidden; length, over 6 mm . .lavigata.Venter with a single large process bristly at the posterior end; thorax sub-opaque gray pollinose, with three suloshining black vitte . .virgata (1. 408).
43. Wings brownish; length, $3 \frac{1}{4}$ mm ..... 48
Wings hyaline ..... 49
44. Anterior branch of third vein straight aud nearly perpendicular, fourth vein not reaching the wing margin labiata
Anterior branch very oblique, filament of hypoprgium rery thiek. ..... obesa.
45. Fonrth vein reaches the wing margin; anterior branch of the third veincurved and very obligue, scutellum bearing four bristles; length, 5 to6 mmsociabilis.
Fourth rein reaches the wing margin, scutellum bearing six or more bristles;length, 6 to 8 mm.............................................................. . ravida (1. 403).
Fourth vein not reaching the wing margin; anterior branch of third vein straight and nearly perpendicular; longth, nearly 4 mm distans.
46. Posterior femora not ciliate with scales ..... 52
I'osterior femora ciliate with nearly ereet scales ..... 51
47. Anterior tibias ciliate with scales distans.
Auterior tibiae not eiliate ..... labiata.
48. Abdomen shining or subshining ..... 53
Abdomen opaque, light gray pollinose, legs slender, base of femora and of tibie yellow; leugth, 4 mm ..... stenoptera.
49. Abdomen depressed, very robust, hind femora furnished with stout black spines on the under side; length, 6 to 7 mm ..... 54
Abdomen compressed, slender, hind femora destitute of spines on the under side; legs slender; length, 5 to 6 mm ..... sociabilis.
50. Thorax oparue, costa of wing bearing a long bristle near its base, contactof the forrth posterior eell with the discal equal to the contact of sec-oud basal cell with the fourth posteriorotiosa (p.407).
Thorax wholly shining, costa of wings destitute of a long bristle, contact offourth posterior cell with the discal nearly twice as long as the con-tact of the second basal cell with the fourth posterior............. Irvigata.
Thorax shining except four pollinose vitt:e ..... virgata (p. 408)
51. Anterior branch of third vein terminates in the costa ..... 56Anterior branch of third vein usually terminates in the second, this branehand the small aud posterior cross veins hordered with brown, allfemora and tibise of female ciliate with nearly erect scales.clansa (p. 401).
52. Legs of female not ciliate with scales ..... 57Legs of female ciliate with nearly erect scales; scutellum bearing only two
53. Wings colorless; length, 4 mm ..... cormus.Wings brownish ; scutellum bearing about twenty bristles, length 5 nim. . luctuosa.
EMPIS LORIPEDIS, new species.

Male.-Head black, gray pollinose; eyes separated as widely as the posterior ocelli, facets of a uniform size; antenuæ black, third joint somewhat over twice as long as the first, slender, tapering gradually to the middle, thence of an equal breadth; style nearly one-third as long as the third joint; proboscis one and one-half times as long as height of head, palpi yellow. Thorax black, opaque gray pollinose, marked with
fom dark-brownish vittie, almost destitute of pile, the bristles black; pleura black, sometimes partly yellowish, blnish gray pollinose. pile in front of halteres black; seutellum black, gray pollinose, bearing two bristles. Abdomen compressed, shining, black; the broad hind margin of each segment laterally yellow, sometimes extending to the anterior edges of the segment, dividing the black color iuto three vitte, medio-dorsal and lateral; pile of abdomen sparse, black; renter yellow; hypopygimu rather large, ascending, abundant black pilose, middle lamella yellow, broadening to the tip; filament very thick at base, then suddenly attenuated and bristle-like, arcuate. Legs, including the coxe, light yellow; apical half of front tibise and extreme apex of the others, front tarsi wholly, apex of first two joints and the whole of the remaining joints on the middle and lind tarsi, usually but not always dark brown: all tibie and tarsi furnished with mumerous long black pile; on the under side of each hind femmr before its apex is an irregular, three-pronged process, and on the inner side of each hind tibia near its base are two processes, one behind the other; just before the basal process the tibia is hollowed ont; front metatarsi nearly twice as long and three times as thick as the middle ones, hind metatarsi onehalf thicker and one-third longer than the middle ones. Knob of hal. teres light fellow. Wings dark gray, stigma slightly darker, veins dark brown.

Female.-Like the male, except that the hind femora and tibiæ are destitute of processes, the front metatarsi are not thicker than the middle ones, while the hind metatarsi are much thicker than and fully as long as the front ones; abdomen tapering to the apex.

Types.-Nos. 3163 and 316t, U.S.N.M.; length, 6 to 7 mm . Five males and five females were received from Mr. Charles Robertson aud Prof. H. E. Weed.

Locality.-Mlinois and Ohio.

## EMPIS CLAUSA, new species.

Male.-Head black, subshining, eyes contiguous, upper facets mucl larger than the lower ones; antennæ black, the third joint quite short, rather broad at base; style two-thirds as long as the third .ioint: proboscis two and one-half to four times as long as height of head, palpi brown. Thorax, pleura, and seutellum black, opaque, gray pollinose, pile in front of halteres black; sentellum bearing two bristles. Abdomen black, subshining, toward the base more or less tinged with yellowish, its pile black; hypopyginm very small, porrect; filament slender, yellow, hidden except on basal half. Legs simple, slender, the middle and hind femora and all the tibise furnished with many very long back pile; coxie yellow, the hind ones brown; femora yellow, the hind ones, except at base, blackish; tibize and tarsi blackish, extreme base of each tibia yellowish; hind tibia greatly dilated toward the tip, bowing inmard at the middle; front metatarsi nearly twice as thick as the

Proc. N. M. $95-6$
middle ones, hind metatarsi nearly as thick and slightly longer than the front ones. Knob of halteres blackish. Wings hyaline, stigma and a broad border to the anterior branch of the third vein and on the small and the posterior cross veins, dark brown; veins brown, fourth vein obliterated before reaching the wing margin, anterior branch of third vein usually ending in the secoud vein, closing the first submarginal cell; contact of discal and fourth posterior cells much longer than that of the third and fourth posterior cells.

Female.-Differs from the male in that the legs are wholly brown, compressed, and the upper and under sides of all the femora, outer and inner sides of all the tibie, and upper sides of the front and hind metatarsi, ciliate with long, nearly erect scales. Base of abdomen never tinged with yellow.

Types.-Nos. 3165 and 3166, U.S.N.M.; length, 4 mm . Five males and five females captured by Mr. Charles Robertson.

Loculity.-Illinois.

## EMPIS COMANTIS, new species.

Male.-Black; aper of palpi, proboscis except the base and the lower lip, femora except a large portion of the under side, tibix and tarsi except at apex, yellowish red. First antennal joint twice as long as the secoud; the thirl, one and a half times as long as the first; style slender, as long as the third joint; frontal triangle naked; eyes narrowly separated; proboscis three times as long as height of head. Thorax opaque gray pollinose, marked with four blackish vitta, thickly white and black pilose, the bristles black; pile on each end of pleura, on coxie and abdomen, mixed black and white; that on venter and sides of abdomen abundant, white. Scutellum white pilose and bearing twelve marginal black bristles. Abdomen shining, nearly destitute of pollen; hypopygium large, ascending; central filament largely yellow, double, free, areuate. Legs simple, femora thickened, the hind ones over twice as thick as their tibia; pile and bristles of femora rather numerous and long. Wings slightly brownish, stigma and a spot above base of second vein, lark brown, anterior branch of third vein very oblique and much curved.

Type.-No. 3167, U.S.N.M.; length, 9 mm. Male, collected by Mr. O. T. Baron.

Locality.-Northern California.

## EMPIS VALENTIS, new species.

Female.-Differs from E. comuntis as follows: Femora entirely yellowish, apices of tibiee and whole of tarsi black, third antennal joint twice as long as the first, style less than one-half as long as the third joint. Pile of thorax sparse, black; on each end of pleura, coxx, abdomen, and venter wholly black; on venter and sides of abdomen very short and sparse. Scutellum destitute of white pile, naked except for the
ten marginal bristles. Abdomen opaque, light gray pollinose, hind margins of the fifth and sixtl, and the following segments, wholly slining. Femora not thickened, the hind ones scarcely thicker than their tibie; pile and bristles of femora minute. Wings lyaline, anterior branch of third vein straight and nearly perpendicular.

Type.-No. 3168, U.S.N.M.; female; length, 9 mm.
Locality.-Northern California.

## EMPIS HUMILE, new species.

Mute.-Head black, gray pollinose except on oral margin; eyes separated a less distance than width of the lowest ocellus, facets of a miform size; autemme having the two basal joints brownish yellow, the third black, rather narrow, gradually tapering to the tip, style over one-half as long as the third joint; proboscis from two to three times as long as height of head, palpi light yellow. Thorax, plemra, and scutellum black, opaque grayish pollinose, the rather long pile of thorax and pleura black; thoras with two blackish vitte, sentell:um bearing four bristles. Abdomen black, shining, the pile rather long and abundant, black; hypopygium large, lamellie largely yellow, middle ones oblong, slightly tapering to the tip, not longer than the broad upper ones; filament slender, almost bristle-like, arcuate. Legs simple, rather robust; coxe black, femora brownish-yellow, lighter yellow at the base, tibia and tarsi light yellow, tarsi brownish toward apex; middle and hind legs provided with rather long, stout, black bristles; front and hind metatarsi subequal in size, the middle metatarsi considerably slenderer and only tro-thirds as long as either of these. Knob of halteres yellow. Wings brownish-gray, costal cell and border to some of the veins yellowish; stigma and veins dark brown.

Female.-Same as the male, with these exceptions: Prothorax, the lateral margins of the thorax. the sentellum, metanotum, pleura and abdomen yellowish, a black spot above the middle and hind coxa, a transverse one on lower part of the metanotum and sometimes a brownish faseia near or on the hind margin of each abdominal segment except. the first. Coxie and legs yellow, hind metatarsi much thieker than the front ones.

Types.-Nos. 3169 and 3170, U.S.N.M.; length, 7 mm . Four males and four females were collected by Mr. Charles Robertson, who whites me that he has repeatedly taken these two forms together "on the same flowers," and believes that they are the opposite sexes of the same species.
Loculity.-Illinois.

## EMPIS RAVIDA, new species.

Male.-Black, the palpi and halteres yellow, the proboscis (except the lower lip), hypopyginm, cose (largely or wholly), femora, tibix, and tarsi, reddish yellow. Eyes contiguous, froutal triangle bare.

First antemal joint two and a half times as long as the second, the third joint one and a half times as long as the first, sublanceolate, the style rather sleuder, nearly half as long as the third joint. Proboseis twice as loug as height of head. Thoras opaque, gray pollinose, marked with four brownish black vittae, the shorter pile whitish, the longer pile and bristles black. Pile on each end of plemra, on coxa, venter, and sides of abdomen whitish; middle and hind coze bearing black bristles. Scutellum bearing from six to eight black bristles. Abdomen opaque, white pollinose, the short pile of the dorsmm black. Hypopyginm moderately large, obliquely ascending, the central filament not disengaged; no projections on venter in front of hypopygium; coxæe and legs simple, femora destitute of stont spines below, the bristles very short; wings dark gray, stigma very elongated, dark brown, anterior branch of third vein obligne and curved.

Female.-Sane as the male with these exceptions: Eyes widely separated; abdominal segments beyond the fifth, shining; apical half of under side of hind femora ciliate with rather short scales and spines.

Types.-Nos. 3171 and 3172, U.S.N.M.; length, 6 to 8 mm . Eleven males and four females in the Musemm collection.

Locality.-New Hampshire.

## EMPIS TENEBROSA, new species.

Male.-Differs from the female of E. ravinu only as follows: Eyes as widely separated as the posterior ocelli. First two antennal joints reddish, the first searcely longer than the second, the third twice as long as the first. Entire pile of thorax, pleura, coxa, venter and abdomen, black. All femora robust, twice as thick as their tibiae, the middle and hind ones bearing mmerous, rather long bristles on their under side.

Type.-No. 3173, U.S.N.M.; length, 6 mm . Three males in the Museum collection.

Locality.-Texas.

## EMPIS TERSA, new species

Mule.-Differs from the male of E. retidet only as follows: Abdomen shining reddish yellow; coxe, femora, and tibise lighter yellowish; first antennal joint twice as long as the second, the third joint twice as loug as the first; proboscis three times as long as height of head; thorax destitute of whitish pile, that at each end of the pleura black, each coxa bearing several black bristles: pile and long bristles of abdomen and venter wholly black. Sentellum bearing four bristles. Abdomen shining, destitute of pollen. Hypopygium small, porrect; the central filament free, filiform, arcuate. Bristles of middle and hind femora rather long.

Female.-Differs from the male in that the proboseis is six times as long as height of head, when bent backward almost reaching the tip of the abdomen.

Types.-Nos. 3174 and 3175, U.S.N.M.; male and female; length, fimm. Loeality.-North Carolina.

EMPIS CAPTUS, new species.
Male.-Differs from the male of E. rarida only as follows: First two autemal joints reddish; first joint only slightly longer than the second, the third three times as long as the first, tapering very gradually to the apex; scutellum bearing ouly two bristles; dorsum of abdomen brownish pollinose. Hypopygium very large, the filament robust, disengaged, arcuate, compressed and dilated near its apex; on base of upper side of each upper lamella is a low mart-like process, and just outside of this is a backwardly projecting fleshy process bearing on the middle of its under side a backwardly directed black spine, whose tip is even with that of the process from which it springs; below this process is a second, yellow, fleshy, upwardly directed process. Wings hyaline.

Female.-Differs from the male in that the proboscis varies from two to four times as long as height of head; femora and tibise of midrlle and hind legs ciliate on each side with rather short black scales and bristles, the scales sparsest on the middle tibiar.

Types.-Nos. 3176 and 3177 , U.S.N.M.; length, 5 to 7 mm . Three males and four females in the Museum collection.

Locality.-North Carolina and Georgia.

## EMPIS COMPTA, new species.

Female.-Head black, gray pollinose; antenne on two basal joints brown, the third black, narrow, elongate, style one-sixth as long as the third joint; proboscis over twice as long as height of head, palpi brown. Thorax and pleura black, opaque, gray pollinose, thorax marked with four blackish-brown vitta; pile in front of halteres black; scutellum blackisl, its apex brown, bearing fonr bristles. Abdomen on base of segments yellowish-brown, on apex broadly light yellow, seventh and eighth segments and the two anal lamelle, wholly brown; pile of abdomen sparse, yellowish, no fringe of long black bristles near hind margin of any of the segments. Legs slender, destitute of a fringe of scales, sellow, including the coxie; tarsi toward the apex brown; metatarsi of nearly an equal thickness, the hind ones slightly longer than the others. Knob of halteres light yellow. Wings lyyaline, stigma wanting, veins light brown, no stout bristle on costa near its base (first submarginal cell closed in one wing, broadly open in the other).

Type.-No.31is. U.S.N.M.; length, $3 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~mm}$. A female received from Mr. Charles Robertson.

Locality.-Illinois.

## EMPIS AVIDA, new species.

Female.-Head black, bluish gray pollinose; antennæ brown on the two basal joints, the third black, short, broad, tapering graslually to the tip, style over one-half as long as the third joint; proboscis three
times as long as height of head, palpi yellow. Thorax, pleura and scutellum black. opaque, bluish-gray pollinose; thorax marked with four blackish-brown vitta, its pile rather mumerous but quite short, black; pile in front of halteres white, abmolant, fine; sentellum bearing four bristles. Abodomen black, oparpue, light bluish-gray pollinose, its pile white, that on sides near base rather long and abundant; no fringe of long back bristles near hind margin of any of the segments. Legs slender, simple, femora destitute of long bristles: coxr brownish yellow, the hind ones largely blackish; femora, tibix, and tarsi brown-ish-yellow, apices of tarsal joints and last joint wholly blackish; middle metatinsi seareely thicker than the front ones, hind metatarsi nearly twice as thick but scarcely longer than the front ones. Knob of halteres yellowish-white. Wings grayish hyaline, stigma and reins dark brown, no long bristle on costa near its base.

Type.-No. 31 \%9, U.S.N.M.: length, 7 mm . A single female collected by Mr. Charles Robertson.

Locality.-Illinois.

## EMPIS LEVICULA, new species.

Male.-Head black, bluish gray pollinose, eyes contiguons; antennæ black, the two basal joints yellow, style over one-half as long as the third joint; proboscis yellowish. black at the apex, over three times as long as height of head, palpi yellow. Thorax, pleura, and scutellum black, opaque gray pollinose; thorax with four brown vittre, its sparse pile and bristles black; pile of pleura white, scutellum bearing four bristles, the two outer ones very short. Abdomen black, opaque brown pollinose, its sparse pile white; hypopygium small, the filament hidden. Legs slender, destitute of long bristles. dark yellowish, including the coxe; the tarsi toward the apex black: front metatarsi nearly as long, but only about one-half as thick as the hind ones. Wings whitish hyaline, veins brownish, stigma wanting. Halteres yellow.

Femule.-Same as the male, except that the thorax and abdomen are wholly bluish white pollinose.

Types.-Nos. 3150 and 3181, U.S.N.M.; length, 6 to 7 mm . Two males and three females collected by Mr. Charles Robertson.

Locality.-Illinois.

## EMPIS MANCA, new species.

Male--Head black, gray pollinose, eyes separated the width of the lowest ocellus, facets of a miform size; antenne black, third joint narrow, elongate, style one-third as long as the third joint; proboscis one and one-half times as long as height of head, palpi yellow. Thorax black, opaque gray pollinose, marked with four black pollinose vitte, its sparse pile and bristles black; pleura black, light gray pollinose, its pile black; scutellum black, gray pollmose, bearing four black bristles. Abdomen dark brown, hind margin of each segment whitish,
oparge whitish poliinose, its pile or bristles along hind margins of the segments long, black: hypopygimm yellowish brown, very large. erect, its pile black; central filament very robust, arcuate, free except towart the apex, its extreme tip dilated. Legs slender, yellow, inchuding the coxir; on under side of hind femora before the apex is a low swelling, in front of which is a robust, backwardly directed hook, while between the swelling and the apex of the femur on the inner side is a black conical projection fringed near the base behind with one large and two small teeth-like projections; on the front and also on the hind side of the hind tibice near the base is a fringe of short black bristles, below which on the inner side of the tibia is a conical projection, at which point the tibia is rather suddenly bent outward; hind metatarsi slightly thicker, but shorter, than the front ones. Halteres yellow. Wings grayish hyaline, stigma and reins brown, a long bristle on costa near its base.

Female.-Same as the male, except that the front is slightly broader, the abdomen blackish, light gray pollinose, and the hind legs simple, but mueh thicker than the others.

Types.-Nos. 3182 and 3183, U.S.N.M.; length, 4 to 5 mm . Five males and eight females, taken by the writer in March.

Locality. - Sonthern California.

## EMPIS OTIOSA, new species.

Male.-Head black, gray pollinose, eyes separated as widely as the posterior ocelli, facets of a uniform size; antenue black, third joint two and one-half times as long as the first, rather narrow, style one-third as long as the third joint; proboseis two and a half times as long as height of head, palpi yellorr. Thorax black, opaque gray pollinose, marked with two darker vittee, its sparse pile and bristles black; pleura black, gray pollinose, its pile black; sentellum gray pollinose, bearing four bristles. Abdomen black, depressed except toward the apex, subshining, its pile rather abundant and long, black; hypopyginm rather small, middle lamella longer than the upper, rounded on the lower side; filament slender, areuate, yellow. Legs simple, very robust, femora nearly twice as thick as their tibix, hind femora one-third longer than the middle ones; coxa black, femora dark brown, yellowish at base and apex, the hind ones sometimes wholly yellowish, tibia and tarsi light yellow, apex of the latter brown; front metatarsi unnsmally large, nearly twice as long and as thick as the middle ones, one-half thicker and onethird longer than the hind metatarsi. Knob of halteres light yellow. Wings hyaline, stigma pale brownish, reins dark brown.

Female.-Same as the male, except that the tibiae and tarsi are darker, the yellow being replaced with redulish; the femora are usually reddish and are more slender; the hind ones are nearly twice as long as the middle ones; front metatarsi more slender and one-half longer than the middle ones, also more slender and slightly longer than the hind ones; wings brownish gray.

Types.-Nos. 3184 and 3185, U.S.N.M.; length, 6 to 7 mm. Four males and three females were received from Mrs. A. T. Slosson and Mr. Charles Robertson.

Locality.-Illinois and Comecticnt.

## EMPIS GULOSA, new species.

Femule.-Head black, bluish gray pollinose; antemme black, third joint broad at base, rapidly taperng to the apex, style slender, more than one-half as long as the third joint ; proboscis one-half longer than height of head, palpi brown. Thorax black, opaque gray pollinose, marked with four dark brownish vitta; its very short, sparse pile black; pleura black, bluish gray pollinose, pile in front of halteres black; sentellum black, gray pollinose, bearing four bristles. Abdomen black, opaque brownish pollinose, that on the hind and lateral margins of the segments light gray: on the hind margins of the first three segments toward the sides is a fringe of rather long black bristles, most developed on the second segment. Legs slender, simple, yellow, including the coxie; tarsi toward the apex brown; femora destitute of long bristles; middle metatarsi slightly thieker but shorter than the front ones; hind metatarsi mel thicker than the middle ones, subequal in length to the front ones. Knob of halteres yellowish-white. Wings grayish, stigma nearly obsolete, veins dark brown, no long bristles on costa near its base.

Type.-No. 3186, U.S.N.M.; length, 7 mm . A single female specimen collected by Mr. Charles Robertson.

Locality.-Illinois.

## EMPIS VIRGATA, new species.

Tale.-Black in all its parts except the whitish knob of halteres and pulvilli; all pile and bristles also black. Eyes separated by au interval narrower than the lowest ocellus; third joint of antennte sublanceolate; the style nearly one-fourth as long as that joint. Proboscis slightly over twice as long as height of head. Thorax subshining, lightly gray pollinose and marked with theee shining black vittae; pleura grayish black pollinose; scutellmm shining, bare exeept the six marginal bristles and a few marginal hairs. Abdomen depressed, shining; hypopygimm rather small, central filament hidden; on the under side of the fifth segment is a large, ovoid process, extending the entire length of the segment, its posterior end rather thickly beset with short, stont black bristles. Legs slender, front metatarsi one-half thicker and one-half longer than the middle ones, noticeably longer and thicker than the hind ones. Wings pale brown, stigma darker brown, all the veins perfect.

Timpe-No. 318i, U.S.N.M.; leugth, 8 mm. A single specimen collected by Prof. O. B. Johnson.

Locality.-Washington.

## MICROPHORUS RAVIDUS, new species.

Wale.-Black, only the halteres whitish. Eyes contignous, third antennal joint elongate, couical, the apical style slightly longer than the third joint; proboseis nearly perpeudicular, from two-thirds as long to as long as height of head. Thoras, pleura, scutellum, and abdomen opaque gray pollinose, the bristles black, sentellum bearing four bristles; hypopyginm rather large, bent around against the right side of the abdomen. Wings grayish hyaline, slightly smoky aloug the veins, stigma and veins brown, no vein issnes from the anal cell: this eell is nearly as long as the second basal, the vein at its apex arcuate and not parallel with the hind margin of the wing.

Female.-Eyes broadly separated; ablomen very blunt at apex; otherwise as in the male.

Types.-Nos. 3188 and 3189, U.S.N.M.; leugth, 2 mm. Nine males and twelve females collected by the writer in March and April.

Locality.-Southeru Califorma.
Differs from the description of Microphorus drapetoides, Walker (the only other described North American species), by its hyaline instead of dark brown wings.

> Genus MYTHICOMYIA, Coquillett.

AN゙ALYTICAL KEY TO TIIE SPECIES OF MYTIICOMYIA.
Tibiæ, halteres, first rein and second section of costa, yellow................... rileyi. Tibire, except at base, black; upper side of knob of halteres also black, first rein and costa brown
tibialis (p. 109).

## MYTHICOMYIA TIBIALIS, new species.

Male.-Black, the froutal triangle, face, cheeks, humeri, and each hind corver of thorax, whitish; halteres, except upper side of the knob, hypopygium largely, knees and base of hind metatarsi, yellomish. Head, sides of thorax, pleura and sentellum, gray pollinose, abdomen deep velvet black; pile of head and body whitish. Wings wholly hyaline, reins black, the anxiiiary and bases of the other reins yellowish. On the muder side of the hind metatarsi, before its middle, is a rounded noteh, in frout of which is a romnded process.

Type.-No. 3190, U.S.N.M.; length, 3.2 mm . A single male specimen captured by the writer in July.

Locality.-Los Angeles County, California.

## Genus RHAMPHOMYIA, Meigen.

Rhamphomyia crassinereis, Loew, is the other sex of $R$. sortilla, Loew; and his $R$. ungulata is the other sex of $R$. mmbilicatn, Loew.

The following have not been recognized by me, and the descriptions
are too brief to permit of giving them a place in the accompanying table: ugusicles, unaxo, cilipes, cophas, Iana, Ilaria, ecetra, ficana, farirostris, nigrite, scolopacea, and tristis.

Since the publication of Osten Sacken's Catalogue, Bigot ${ }^{1}$ has published descriptions of four North American species belongiug to the present genus. His $R$. morrisoni appears to be synonymons with $R$. rava, Loew; R.pachymera, Bigot, is too imperfectly described to admit it in the table given below; the names nigritu and geniculata, which lee uses for two of his species, are preoccupied, and Bigot's descriptions had therefore better be canceled.

## RHAMPHOMYIA RAVA, Loew.

Dr. Loew describes the wings in both sexes of this species as being somewhat reddish brown. In a large series of specimens that I have examined, captured in the same locality, the males agree in all respects with Dr. Loew's description of $R$. ravo, but the females invariably have the wings much lighter colored at the base than at the apex. I strongly suspect that Loew founded his description on males of $R$. rara and females of my new species $R$. rarida, which closely resembles $R$. rava, differing chiefly in the male genitalia and the uniformly brown wings of the female.

## RHAMPHOMYIA BASALIS, Loew

Dr. Loew describes the female only. The National Museum contans six males and as many females from the White Monntains, New Lampshire, all of them taken by the same collector (Morrison), and evidently belonging to this species. In size, structure of antenna, and general coloring, the two sexes are alike, but they differ widely in the shape and color of the wings and in the structure of the legs; in the female the wings are unusually broad, brownish, the base hyaline; while in the male they are narrow and wholly hyaline. In the female the legs are destitute of processes and excisions; in the male each hind femme is hollowed out on the under side just before the apex, and before this hollow is a rather large rounded process; each hind tibia is also hollowed out on the imer side at a point opposite that in the femur ; thus when the leg is folded, a hollow space is formed between each femur and its tibia; the outer edge of the hollow in the tibia is fringed with flattened seta.

ANALYTICAL KEV TO THE SPECIES OF RHAMPHOMYIA.

1. Thorax, including the pleura, wholly black ..... 9
Thorax, or at least the plemra, more or less yellow or reddish ..... 2
2. Dorsum of thorax marked with black ..... 4
Dorsum of thorax wholly yellowish, destitute of black markings ..... 3

[^1] Wings hyaline, abdomen yellow, hypoprginm small, porrect .-............ sellata.
7. Hypopygium of male bearing a tooth and notch on hind margin of lower lamella; both sites of all femora and tibia of female, and upper side of all metatarsi, ciliate with scales

> fumosa.

IIspopygium destitute of a tooth and notch on the lower lamella, both sides of all femora and tibia of female, and upper side of only the hind metatarsi, ciliate with scales
longicauda.
8. Pleura and venter partly blackish; length, $4 \mathrm{~mm} . . .$.

Pleura and venter wholly yellowish; length, $6 \mathrm{~mm} . .$. .......................... glabra.
9. Femora black or dark brown ................................................................. 49

Femora largely or wholly yellow ish.............................................................. 10
10. Middle, or at least the hind coxae, black or dark brown........................... 11

Middle and hind coxae yellowish................................................................... 22
11. Males .-........................................................................................................ 12

Females.-. .-........................................................................................... 16
12. Eyes contiguous or nearly so ...........-............................................................ 13

13. Central filament of hypopygium free, very flexuous toward the apex......... 14

Central filament free except at apex, not flexnous nor fractured; middle lamellae yellow, not produced upward in a long conical process beyond apex of the black upper lamellar; length, $8 \mathrm{~mm} . . .$.
Central filament hidden except on its lower one-third ; abdomen depressed, opaque; middle lamella of hypoprgimm beyond apex of the upper one not produced in a conical process; length, 8 mm
ravida (p. 418).
14. Abdomen wholly black, shimming, central filament not fractured; length, 6 mm
Abdomen more or less yellow, compressed, shining, central filament fractured toward the base, a brown cloud near forking of second and third reins, hind femora thickened; length, 5 mm .
rustica.
15. Hind tibiae with a large swelling near the base, central filament of hypoprgium with a U-shaped flexure near its base: inhabits California loripedis ( p .419 ).

16. Abdomen opaque, knob, of halters yellowish.......................................... 17

Abdomen shining . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ..................................................... 18
17. Length, $8 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~mm}$. ; anteunal style about one-third as long as the third joint, wings brownish..................................................... ravida (p. 41s).
Length, 5 mm . ; antennal style one-fifth as long as the third joint, wings hyaline....................................................................... mutabilis.
18. Abdomen wholly black or dark brown ..... 19
Abdomen yellowish, at least on himl margins of the segments; hind femora theliened; length, 5 mm . ; 1nhabits New Hampshire ..... rustica.
19. Knob of halteres yellowish ..... 20
Knob of halteres and antenne blackish, hind femora reddish macilenta.
20. Inhabits California; two basal joints of antenne lblack, base of hind femora yellowish ..... 21
Inhabits the Atlantic States; two basal joints of antenne yellowish, base of hind femora black ..... pilla.
21. Antemal style one-half as long as the thrd joint, wings brownish californica (p.420).
Antemal style one-fourth as long as the third joint, wings hyaline loripedis (p.419).
22. Males ..... 23
Females ..... 37
23. Eyes contiguons or nearly so ..... 24
Eyes distinctly separated, thorax opaque or only subshining ..... 33
24. Abdomen, at least on the dorsmm, black ..... 28
Abdomen 5ellowish ..... 25
25. Hind femora slender, hind tibise and front tarsi, except at apex, yellow ..... 26
Hind femora thickened, pile of thorax black, basal half of hiud tibia and front tarsi brown; proboseis as long as height of hearl; length, 5 mm ..... dimidiata.
26. Pile and hristles of thorax black, filament of hypopsgimm ver flexnons, middlelamellie not tapering to the apex, the pile black27
ile and bristles of thorax sellow, filament not flexuous, middle lamelle taper- ing to the apex; length, 3 mm arcuata (p. 421).
27. Proboscis scarcely longer than height of head, wings hyaline, facets of eyes of a miform size; length, $t \mathrm{~mm}$ ..... debilis.
Proboscis three times as long as height of head, wings brownish-gray; upperfacets much larger than the lower; length, 5 to 7 mm . amplipedis (p. 422).
28. Filament of hypopyginu free, except sometimes its extreme apex. ..... 30
Filament hidden except on its lowest one-half or less ..... 29
29. Thorax and abdomen shining; length, 6 mm ..... gracilis.Thorax and abdomen opaque; middle lamella of hypopygimm beyond apexof upper lamella produced in a high, conical process; length, 8 to$10 \mathrm{~mm} .-$.-................................................................. quinquelineata.
30. Filament rery flexnous toward its apex, not fractured, hind femora slender. ..... 31
Filament slightly undulate but not flexnous, middle lamella beyond tip ofupper one produced in a rounded lobe; length, 9 mm.rara (p, 410).
31. Cpper lamella of liypopygimm destitute of a fleshy process, abdomen shining. 32Upper lamella greatly swollen, and below its apex bearing a cylindrical,fleshy, bristly process; thorax ant abdomen opaquetersa (p. 422).
32. Thorax shining, venter blackish; length, 3 mm compta (1. 423).
Thorax opagne, venter yellow, abdomen compressed; leugth, 1 mun.. Juteirentris,
33. Filament of hypopeginm hiddeu except its lower part3t
Filament free, rery simmons towarl its apex. wings whitish-hyaline, sentel- lum bearing four bristles; length, 4 mm ..... canticans.
34. Abrlomen opaque, gras pollinose and long jellow pilose ..... 35Abdomen shming, depressed, its pileblack, palpi yellowish; length, 5 mm .macilcuta.
35. Wings brownish ..... 36
Wings grayish, thord antennal joint narrow, style very short, hind tibise bearing very long Jellow pile; lengtl, $\downarrow$ mm...................... longipennis.
36. Length, 6 mm . ; third antennal joint narrow, sţ̦ le robust, hypopygium sinall,its filament very thick, femora robust, setulose belowgilvipes.
Length, 4 mm ; third anteunal joint broad, sţ̧le minute, hind tibia and metatarsi hearing many long pile, hypopygium large, ascending. Titurata.
37. Abdomen, at least dorsally, black or dark brown ..... 39
Abdomen yellowish, wings brownish ..... 38
38. Proboseis at least three times as long as height of head, under side of middle and himl femora ciliate with seale-like setir ; lengtl, 5 to7 mmamplipedis ( p .422 ).
Proboscis seareely exceeding loight of head: length, 4 mm ..... debilis.
39. Hind legs bearing nearly ereet seales, discal and posterior colls normal;length, 4 mm40
Hind and other legs destitute of such seales ..... 41
40. Middle and hind femora eiliate with seales on the under side, hind tibia not ciliate ..... effert (1. 427).
Middle and hind femora destitnte of scales, lootli sides of hind tibia eiliate, hasal third of wings lyaline, the remainder hrown. ...... basalis (1), 410).
41. Discal and posterior cells normal, abdomen not silvery pollinose ..... 43
Discal cell musually long, sending only two reins to the wing margin; length, 4 mm ..... 42
42. Abrlomen silvery white pollinuse ..... liturata.
Abrlomen not silvers pollinose ..... longipennis.
43. Wings marked with a black spot in the submarginal and first posterior cells
ouly; thorax shining; length, 6 mm ..... gracilis.
Wings with at least the posterior cells blackish brown; thorax oparpe ..... 44
Wings destitute of such spots, uniform in coloring; length, 4 to 6 mm ..... 45
44. Brown near apex of wings in the form of a clond which does not invade the submarginal cell ..... quintuclineuta.
Brown covers apex of wing, invading the submarginal cell, basal half ofwings sellowish gray................................................. rava (1. 410).
Brown covers apical half of wings, the basal half whitish hyaline; venter
yellow; length, 5 mm ..... nasomi (p. 123).
45. Venter black ..... 46
Venter partly yellow, pile in front of halteres black, middle and hind tibiar dark brown luteirentris.
46. Thorax opayue ..... 17Thorax shining, halteres fellow, pile in front of them blatek, third antennaljoint broad at base, hind femora sleuter; Californian species
californica (1). 120).
47. Knolb of halteres yellowish ..... 48
Knob of halteres dark brown, pile in front of halteres black, third antemaljoint linear; hind femora thickened, hlaok setulose belowmacilenta.
48. Wings grayish hyaline, hind femora slender, pile in front of halteres white,third antennal joint hroad at the baseamericana.
Wings grayish, veins brown, hind femora thickened, black setulose below,third antennal joint narrow ; length, 6 mmgitripes.
Wings whitish, veins except the costa and first vein whitish; length, 4 mm .
candicans.
49. Wings brown, the base hyaline or yellowish; length, 3 to 5 mm ..... 50
Wings uniformly hyaline or grayish ..... 54
Wings uniformly brown or blackish ..... 107
50. Discal and posterior cells normal ..... 51
Discal cell unusually long, sending only two veins to the wing margin, ablo- men silvery pollinose at base; length, 4 mm . Californian species amplicella (1. 431).
51. Knoh of halteres cellowish ..... 52
Knob of halteres blackish ..... 53
52. Inhabits California; both sides of hind femora and tibia, under side of mid- dle femora and outer side of middle tibise of female, ciliate with nearly erect scales; length, 3 mm luctuosa.
Inhabits Nebraska; all femora and tibise of female ciliate with scales.. levig
Inhabits Illinois; ejes of male contiguons, filament of hypopygium free, slender, not flexnons, pilo in front of halteres black, scntellum bear- ing four bristles. ..... polita.
Inhabits the Atlantic States; legs of femalo not ciliate with seales; eyes of male contiguous; filameut of hypopygium hidden angustipernis.
53. Niddle and hind femora and hind tibie of female ciliate with nearly erect scales; eyes of male contiguons; filament of hypopygium slender, not flexnous; inhabits the Atlantie States. ..... brevis.
Middle and hind tibiae of male bearing black sote, filament of hypopygium hidden, eyes of male contignons; inhabits the Atlantic States.. pectinata. Middle and other legs of females destitute of nearly erect scales; eyes of male contignoas; filament of hypopygium very thick, hidden except at base; iuhabits the Atlantic States. ..... umbrosa.
Middlo and other femora and tibie not ciliate with scales; inhabits Califor- nia ..... bifilata (p. 424).
54. Thorax wholly shining, not pollinose; knob of halteres yellowish; discal cell and veins issuing from it normal; eyes of male contignous ..... 55
Thorax more or less opaque ..... 58
55. Filament of male hypopygium hidden, except sometimes on its basal third. ..... 56
Filament free, slender, not flexuous, upper facets of eyes of male mnch larger than the lower; his hind metatarsi much thicker than the others; both sides of middle and hind femora aud hind tibice of female, also onter side of her midde tibix, ciliate
grayish, stigma black; length, 2 mm nana.
56. Abdomen shining; length, 3 to $4 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~mm}$ ..... 57
Abdomen oparue, wings whitish, stigma obsolete, third antennal joint short and broad, style minute; length, 2 mm ..... pusio.
57. Scutellum bearing four bristles, pile in front of halteres black, outer side of middle tibie of male bearing numerons bristles ..... minytus.
Scutellum bearing only two bristles, pile in front of halteres whitish, outer side of middle tibiae of malo bearing only two bristles, both sides of hind femora and under side of middle femora of female ciliate with nearly ereet scales ..... ciliata.
58. Knob of halteres yellowish ..... 59
Knob of halteres blackish ..... 92
59. Diseal cell normal ..... 62
Discal cell united with the first and second posterior cells, legs of female des- titute of nearly erect seales; pile of body whitish, third antennal joint broad, bases of first two tarsal joints white incompleta.
Discal cell prolonged nearly to the wing margin, legs of female not ciliate with scales ; length, 3 to 4 mm ..... 60
60. Two veins issue from the discal cell ..... 61
Three veins issue from the discal cell, the cross vein at its apex angular, seutel- lum bearing two bristles irregularis.
61. Wings grayish, vein at apex of diseal cell sinnons, never angular ..... limbata.
Wings hyaline at base, the apex clark gray, vein at apex of discal cell angular near its lower end; inhabits California ..... amplicella (p.431).
62. Fourth vein reaches the wing margin ..... 67
Fourth vein obliterated before reaching the wing margin, legs of female destitute of erect seales; length, 2 to 3 mm ..... 63
63. Males ..... 64
Females ..... 65
64. Fourth vein reaches half way from discal cell to the wing margin, wings whitish, eyes narrowly separated ................................... umbilicata.
Fonth vein reaches less than half way from diseal cell to the wing margin, wings hyaline bnt not whitish, whole of costal vein brown ....... . soccala.
Fourth vein reaches three-fourths the distance from discal cell to tho wing margin, wings whitish, eyes contignous. maиса (1).427).
65. With a black dot at tip of fomrth rein...................................................... 66

Withont such a dot; fourth vein reaches three-fourths tho distance from discal cell to the wing margin................................... . . . . . . . .
66. Fourth rein reaches only one-fonth the distance from discal cell to the wing margin, the black lot at its tip small ...................... umbilicula.
Fourth vein longer, the dot larger ....................................... unimaculatu.
67. Males ................................................................................................. . . . . . . 68

Females ............................................................................................. 82
68. Eyes contiguous or nearly so ................................................................ 69

Eyes distinctly separated, pile of abdomen yellowish ............................. 79
69. Filament of hypopsgium hidden.............................................................. 70

Filament of hypopyginm not wholly hidden........................................ 71
70. Front tibiz dilated and thickly pilose on inner side; length, 6 mm . ubdita (p, 430).

Front tibie not dilated, pile on inner side very short; sentellumbearing about fonrteen bristles; inhabits California; length, 10 mm . scutelluris (1.429).
71. Hinci legs destitute of processes ...................................................................... 73

Hind femora wear apex on under side, and hind tibia near base, bearing a rounded process; lengtl, 1 mm .

72. Process on hind femora situated at extreme apex of the femmr and opposite
a hollow in the hind tibia........................................... . ralga (1. 428).

Process situated before the apex, and in front of the hollow in the hind tibia
basalis (1).410).
73. Filament of hypopyginm not flexnons ................................................. 74

Filament very flexuous toward apex, not suddenly thickened at base, abdomen shining; leugth, 6 mm

Hexuosa (p. 433).
74. Base of filament of hypopygium very thick, then suddenly atteunated..... 75

Base of filament not thickened 76
75. Pile of thorax, abdomen, and legs yellowish, filawent of hypopyginm nearly
twice as long as the hind femora; length, 4 wm...... piligeronis (p. 432).

Pile of thorax, abiomen, and legs black, abdomen white pollinose; wper lamelle of hypopyginm acute, median ones larger, obtuse; length, 3 mm .
leucoptera.
76. Palpi black ..................................................................................................... 77

Palpi yellow, under side of seventh abdominal segment prolonged forward in two short processes; ablomen opaque, its pile yellowish; filament of hypopygimu thick, hidden at the tip; length, 5 mm . rara.
77. Length, 3 mm. ; Eastern species .................................................................. 78

Length, 9 mm ; abdomen shining, its pile black; California speries fimbriate (1. 429).
78. Thorax opaque, filament of hypopygium very slender mi"apulus.
Thoras subshining, filament rather thick; on each side of lower portion of hypopygium a shining, forwarlly directed process; scutellum bearing four bristles, hind metatarsi twiceas thick as the others .......exigua.
79. Filament of hypopygium frec, slender, proboscis scarcely longer than height of head
Filament hidden, interealary voin not united with the fourth vein, penultimate section of fifth vein much longer than the ultimate section; first joint of middle tarsi slender, much longer than the second: leurth, 4 mm . sortilla.
80. Intercalary vein not united with the fourth........................................... 81 Intercalary vein at base united with the fourth vein; leugth, \& mm..conjuncta.
81. Second joint of middle tarsi longer than the first one, each thicker than ans of the others; length, 3 mm ..... frontalis.
Second joint shorter than the first; neither of them thicker than those of the hind tarsi ; length, 5 mm irregularis.
82. Femora aud tihia destitute of erect scales ..... 87
Femora, or at least the unter sivle of the hind ones, ciliate with nearly erect seales ..... 83
83. Middle and hind femora bearing such scales ..... 84
Niddle femora destitute of scales, antennal style oue-sixth as long as the third joint; length, $2 \frac{1}{2}$ mm раra (p.433).
84. Length of body, muder 6 mm ..... 85
Length, 9 mm .; scales of legs confined to miler side of middle and hind femora; thorax sulshining and marked with three deep black ritte; California species. fimbriatu (p. 429).
85. Middle and hind femora bearing seales on under side ouly ..... 86
Middle and lind femora ciliate ou both sides, antenual style one-fifth as long as the third joint; length, $4 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~mm}$ ..... abdita (p. 430).
86. Antennal strle one-fourth as long as the third joint. tibix destitute of seales;inhahits Coloratlo; length, 4 mm ............................... effera (p. 427).
Antennal style one-half as long as the third joint, hind tibia bearing nearlyerect seales; California species; length, $5 \frac{1}{2}$ mmstylata (p.432).
87. Palpi black ..... 88
Palpi yellow, thorax and abdomen opaque, pile of abdomen sellowish; length, 5 mun rara.
88. Thorax opaque or nearly so ..... 89
Thoras shining, three rittee and the sides white pollinose; aldomen shining. its pile yellowish; length, 7 mu. virgata (1). 430).
89. Antennal strle not over one-fifth as long as the third joint ..... 90
Antemal strle nearly one-half as long as the third joint; contact of discaland fonth posterior cells much shorter than that of the third andfourth posterior cells; length, 6 mm .flemosa (1. 433).
90. Penultimate section of fifth rein much shorter than the ultimate section;front and middle metatarsi subequal in size, much smaller than thehind ones91
Pemnlimate section of fitth rein much longer than the ultimate section; length, $4 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~mm}$ ..... sordida.
91. Thorax opaque, bluish gray pollinose, vein issuing from aual cell distinct, reaching the wing margin; pile in front of halteres whitish; length, 4 mm frontalis.
Thorax opaque, gray pollinose, pile in front of halteres black; length, 3 mm . priapulus.
Thorax subshining, lightly grayish-black pollinose, vein issuing from anal cell indistinct, not reaching the wing margin; length, 3 mm ..... exigua.
92. Males; discal and posterior cells normal ..... 93
Females ..... 102
93. Eyes contiguons or nearly so; length, 3 to 5 mm . ..... 94
Eyes distinctly separated ..... 100
94. Filament of hypopygium not flexnons, sometimes hidden ..... 95
Filament flexnons toward apex, not suddenly thickened at base; abdomen densely grayish-white pollinose; leugth, 3 mm nigricans.
95. Posterior metatarsi never globose ..... 96
Posterior metatarsi very thick, globose, wings gray ; length, $2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~mm} . .$. impedita.
96. Abdomen not grayish-white pollinose ..... 97
Abdomeu opaque grayish-white pollinose; a long seta issuing from apex oflower lamella of hrpoprgimm (not the usual central filament); Cali-fornian speciesbifilata (p. 424).
97. 'Thorax wholly opacpu gray pollinose ..... 9
Thorax shining. two vittar and the sides gray pollinose, along seta (not the(entral filament) issurs from apex of lower lamella of loypopygimm;California speciesduplicis ( p .124 ).
Thorax and abolomen velvet black, filament hidden ..... expalsa.
98. P'ile of ablomen short, black ..... 99
l'ile of abdomen rather long, yellowisla; filament of hypoprgimm bristlo-
lile. arida (1.125).
99. Filament of hypoprginm suldenly thickened at hast: upper lamellar as broad as long setosa (p.426).
Filament slender, upper lamella also slemder ..... rlarigera.
100. Abrlomen opagne ..... 101
Whomen shining, filament of hyporgimm very thick at base, third anten- nal joint slender; length, z mm101. Hyopyginm large, erect, hack pilose, upper lamell:e ohlong, the medianones broad, third antenual joint boad; length, $4 \mathrm{~mm} . . .-. .$.
Hypopygium subglohose, long yellow pilose; length 3 mm ? hirtipes.
102. Middle and hind femora on each site bearing nearly erert soales. ..... 103
Middle and other legs destitute of seales. ..... 104
103. Hind tibie on both sides bearing nearly erect scales; inhabits Colorado: length, 3 mm otiosat (1. +25).
Hind tibise destitute of scales; thorax wholly oparne: inhahits the Atlan- tie States; length, 4 mm ..... ? hirtipes.
104. Front metatarsi as lone as, and thieker than, the front tibin; length, 3 星 1 mm .
rufirostris.
Front metatarsitwo-thirds as long as, and more slender thar. the front tibia - 105
105. Antenual style not over one-sixth as long as the third joint, hind tarsi less than $t$ wire as thick an the midille ones ..... 106
Antennal style one-fourth as long as the third joint, lind metatarsi nearly three times as thick as themidde ones; Californiaspecies. bifilata (p. 4:4).
106. Femora wholly hlarkish, abolomen suboparne black; length, 3 to 4 mm ..... 111
Femora rellow at hase, ablomen shining dark brown, not white pollinese; length, 5 mm . longiron'mis.
107. Thorax wholly shining, not pollinosゃ, diseal and posterior cells normal ..... 108
Thorax more or less opantie and pollinose ..... 112
108. Knoh of halteres yellowish ..... 109
Knoh of halteres blackish, eyes of male rontignous, filanent of hypo- pyginm free at base luctifera.
109. Females; some of the legs hearing nearly preet scales ..... 110
Males; legs never hearing seales, eyes contiguous, extreme base of wings whitish, filament of hypopygimm slentler; length, 3 mm . ..... polita.
110. Front and other femora and tibize bearing nearly erect scales on both sides: length, 4 mm Tarigata.
Front legs alestitute of seales: length, 21 mm nana.
111. Ahdomen densely grayish white pollinose nigricans.
Abdomen destitute of light colored pollen. ..... expulsa.
112. Knols of halteres yellowish ..... 113
Knob of halteres blackish, discal and posterior cells normal ..... 118
113. Males; eyes coutignous, discal cell normal, filament of hypopygium hidden toward its apex: length, 8 mm ..... 111
Females ..... 115
114. Antenual style one-half as long as the thirl joint, prohoscis seareely twiee as loug as height of head; California species ........ sudigeronis ( 1 . 431).Antennal style one-sixth as long as the third joint, proboscis over threetimes as long as height of hearl; Eastern speciesumbrosa.
Proc. N. M. 95 ..... 27
115. Vein between discal and second posterior cells distinet ..... 116
Vein between these cells faint or wanting, legs destitnte of erect seales, pile of pleura and abromen whitish; length, 3 mm ..... aperta.
116. Hind and other femora destitnte of erect scales ..... 117
Hind femora bearing nearly erect seales on the under side, pile of borly black; California species; length, 8 mm sudigeronis (p. 431).
117. Pile and bristles of thorax, plenra, and abdomen black; legs bearing long bristles; length, 3 mm phemius.
Pile and bristles whitish or fellow, legs destitute of long lristles; lengtl, $4 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~mm}$
11~. Males; eyes pontignous ..... 119
Females ..... 120
119. Abdomen depressed, filament of hyponggium yellow, free excepting the tip, suldenly narrowed at its first third; length, $3 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~mm} . .$. insecta ( $^{1}$. 426).
Ablomen compressed, filament black, hidlen, excepting the base; length, $5 \frac{1}{2} 1 \mathrm{~mm}$ umbrosa.
120. Hind and middle femor: bearing nearly erect seales ..... 121
Hind and other legs destituto of seales ..... 124
121. Front legs destitute of scales ..... 122
Front legs bearing nearly erect scales, third antemnal joint broad; length, 6 mm ..... mallos.
122. Hind tibiae bearing nearly erect seales ..... 123
Hind amd other tibia destitute of seales, abdomen repressed, suhopaque; California species; length, 5 mm duplicis (1. 424).123. Middle tibia and mader side of middle femora hearing nearly erect seales,style of antenne minute, proboscis slightly longer than height ofhead, ablomen subshining; length, 4 mm . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . corvina.
Middle tibis and under side of middle femora destitute of seales, abrlomen shining; length, 5 mm ..... levigata.124. Abdomen depressed, attennated posteriorly, wings grayish toward apex;length, 31 mminsecta (1. 426).
Abrlomen compressed, subtruncated at apex, wings umformly brown towarlthe apex: length, $5 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~mm}$umbrosa.
RHAMPHOMYIA RAVIDA, new species.

Mule.-Head back, grayish-brown pollinose, eyes very narrowly separated, the interval being narower than the lowest ocellus; fatets of nearly a miform size; autemse black, the thrul joint lanceolate; style over one-third as loug as the third joint; proboscis sliglatly longer than the head, palpi dark yellowish. Thoras, pleura, and scutellom blaek, opatue, grayish brown pollinose; thorax marked with three dark brown vitta, its pile rather abundant and quite long, whitish, or brown, and black; pile above front coxie yellowish, that in front of halteres yellowish or black; scutelhm bearmg about fonteen marginal bristles; abdomen depressed, black, opaque brownish gray pollinose, its pile quite abmdant and long, yellowish and black; on each side of the seventh segment is a shining black vitta, marking the division into two parts of the dorsal and ventral portions of this segment, the vitte beingon the lower half; hypopygimm rather large, ascending; filament hidden, except the posterior side of its lower third. Coxe and trochanters black, gray pollinose, sometmes yellowish at apices; femora
and tibia light yellow, hind femora murls thicker than the others, the muder side beset with stout black spines; tarsi yollowish, toward the apex brown; front and middle metatarsi of an equal size, the hind ones mond thicker and almost one-half longer than the others. Knob of halteres yellowish. Wings brownish gray, stigma brown, vems dark brown. fourth vein entire.

Female.-Same as the male, with these exceptions: Front ant middle femora darker, more brownish, tibia and tarsi brownish. Wings nearly uniform light brown.

Types-Nos. S191 and 319: U.S.N.M.; length, $s$ to 9 mm . Five males and one female in the Mnsem collection.

Loculity.-Illinois, Texas, and New Mexico.

## RHAMPHOMYIA LORIPEDIS, new species.

Male.-llead black, eyes broadly separated, the interval nearly as broad as the face; antema black, first foint twice as long as the serond, third joint three times as long as the first, tapering quite rapidly to the middle, then of nearly an equal width; style one-fourth as long as the third joint; proboscis one and a half times as long as lreight of hearl, palpi yellow. Thorax black, subshining, lighty gray pollinose, the sparse pile and bristles black; plenra black, gray pollinose, pile in front of halteres white. Scutellum black, bearing four bristles. Abdomen shining blackish brown, its pile long and rather abundant, white; hypopyginm rather small, ascending; filament free, very thick on basal half. then abruptly becoming slender and bowed downward in the form of a U , the onter prong of which is prolonged and slightly undulating. Legs yellow, coxie largely black. hind femora toward the apices, hind tibice except at bases, and apices of tarsal joints, brown; hind femora considerably swollen before the apices and on the under side of the apical third bearing stout black bristles; hind tibia greatly thickened toward the apices, and on the inner side near the base is a large swelling bearing short hack bristles; below this swelling the tibia bends forward and slightly ontward; front metatarsi slightly thicker than the middle ones, hind metatarsi slightly thicker but not longer than the front ones. Halteres yellowish white. Wings hyaline, stigma and reins brownish, fonth vein entire.

Femule.-Same as the male, with these exteptions: Venter yellow on the fifth and sixth segments, sometimes a yellow spot on sides of the third and fourth. Hind femora scareely thickened, tibise destitnte of a swelling near the base: front metatarsi somewhat thicker than the hind ones.

Types.-Nos. 3193 and 3194, U.S.N.M.; lengtl, 4 to. Imm . Two males and three females, collected by the writer in Mareh and April.

Loculity.-Sonthern California.

## RHAMPHOMYIA CALIFORNICA, new species.

Femule.-Hearl shining black, antenne black, first joint one and a half times as long as the serond, third joint two and a half times as long as the first, on its under side tapering quite rapidly to the middle, then of nearly an ergal width; style one-half as long as the thind joint; proboseis one and a half times as long as height of head, palpi reddishyellow. Thorax black, subshining, the pollen very light, sparse pile and bristles black: plemat and sentellum the same, seutellum bearing four bristles. Abdomen shining black, tapering at the tip, its sparse pile blark. Legs simple, not squammate, redlish-yellow, roxa black, tarsi brownish toward aphes, hind metatarso much thicker and longet than the others, metatarsi less than two thirds as long as their tibie. Halteres yellow, the stalk reddish. Wings mitormly brown, fourth rein rutire.

Type.-No. 319., I'S.N.M.; length, fimm. Collected by O. T. Baron. Locrality.-('alifornia.

## RHAMPHOMYIA PECTORIS, new species.

Male.-llead blackish brown, shining; eyes contiguons, the upper facets very much larger than the lower ones; antenna brown, first joint twice as long as the second (the third wanting); proboscis slightly longet than height of head, palpi dark brown. Thorax, including the plemra, scutellum, and metanotım, shining dark yellow, ummarked, pile and bristles black, sentelhm bearing fom bristles. Ablomen shining brownish black, the sixth segment redlish; pile rather long and quite abundant, mostly black; hypopygimm small, porrect, central filament slemder, arcuate, free; each intermediate lamella bears just above its apex a slender, fleshy, very hairy pocess, nearly as long as the lamella, projecting backward. Less simple, dark brown, the coxie and bases of all the femora yellow, most extended on the front femora; trochanters yellow, a small blark spot on apex of each; bases of hind tarsal joints, exeept the first and last, rellow: metatarsi less than one-half as long as their tibide front and hind metatarsi much thicker than the middle ones. Halteres black. Wings brown, lighter behind the fom vein, the latter entire.
 Schwar\%.

Locality.-St. Catherine Island, Georgia.

## RHAMPHOMYIA COLORATA, new species.

Malc.-Head black, gray pollinose, eyes contiguons, upper facets much larger than the lower ones; antenne brownish yellow, thind joint broad at base, tapering quite rapidly on the under side to the middle, then of nearly an equal width; style one-fometh as long as the third
joint; pohescis ome-half lomger than height of head, palpi yellow. Thoma back; the lateral margins, humeri, amb prothome brown, opaque, grayish brown peollinose; its sparse pile and bristles hatack; phema mottled yellowish and dark brown, a black spot above the midde and himd coxar, pile of plemal hack: scntelhon black, grayish hrown pollinose, bearing four bristles. Abdomen eompressed, brown, lightly white pollinose, subshining, its pile black: hypopygimm very small, central filament hiddrn. Leges slender, simple, the femora and coxat light yellow, the tibiar amd tarst brownish; front tibia beffere the middle on the inner sides dikated, and thickly ciliate on the apical two-thirds with short hack and brown setar; front metatarsi considerably thicker and somewhat longer than the middle ones; hind metatarsi thicker and one-third longer than the front ones. Knob of halteres pale yellow. Wings miformly pale brown, veins and stigma dark brown, fourth vein entire.

Female.-Same as the male, with these exceptims: Abdomen depressed, tapering behind, upper and under sides of the middle and hind femora, onter and imer sides of the middle and hind tibiar, and inmer sides of the front tibia, riliate with nearly rect scales, most developed on the hime legs; front tibia mot dilated within.

Types.-Nos. 3197 and 319 , U.S.N.Mr: length, 5 to 6 mm. Three males and fom females in the Musem collection.

Loterlity.-Texas.

## RHAMPHOMYIA ARCUATA, new species.

Male.-Head blank, gray pollinose, eyes comtignous, mpper firets much larger than the lower ones; antemar yellowish brown on the two basal joints, the third black, rather loroadly lanceolate; style one-third as long as the third joint; proboscis saramely longer than height of head, palpi dark brown. Thomax amb sentellum black. shining, very lightly pollinose, the pile and bristles yellowish; plema back, the pile whitish; sentellam bearing four bristles. Abdomen brownish yellow, compressel, shiming, its pile sparse, yellowish white; hyponygimm large, ascending, upper lamella large and swollen, the intemmediate tapering toward the apex, the lower side rather ahmond long yellowish pilose; filament free, very slender, not fractured nor flexnoms. Legs slender, simple, light yellow incluling the coxar: last tarsal joint lnown; front metatarsi considerably thicker and longer than the middle ones. himd metatarsi mach thicker and one-fourth longer than the from omes. Knob of hateres yellow. Wings hyaline, stigma obsolete, veins browuish, fomth vein entire.

Type.-No. 3199, U.S.N.M.; one male; length. .3 mm.
Locality,-Massachusetts.

## RHAMPHOMYIA AMPLIPEDIS, new species.

Male.-Heal back, gray pollinose exrept on oral margin, eyes contiguous, upper facets much larger tham the lower ones; antemat yellowish brown on two basal joints, the third black, narrow, very gradually tapering to the apex; style one-fifth as long as the third joint; proboseis three times as long as height of head, palpi dark brown. Thorax, pleura, and scutellum black, opa!ue, gray pollmose, the pile and bristles black; scutellum bearing four bristles. Abdomen compressed, brownisin yellow, shining, its pile black; hypopygimm rather large, uper lamella not swollen, longer than the middle ones, the latter of nearly an equal width, obliquely truncate at apex, the upper angle prolonged beyond the lower one; lower lamellat prolonged at each side, each sidepiece beuding ontward near its tip, which is ronnded; central filament sleader, not fractured, very flexnous toward its apex. Legs slender, the cosie, femora, and tibie dark yellow, tarsi black; front metatarsi thicker and longer than the middle ones, hind metatarsi one-half thicker and one-third longer than the front ones; hind tibne at apices as thick as their femora. Knob of hatteres yellow. Wings brownish gray, stigma pale brownish, reins dak brown, fourth vein eutire.

Femule.-Same as the male, except: Proboscis nearly four times as long as height of head; abdomen tapering to the tip: under side of middle and hind femoral ciliate with scale-like setie.

Types.--Nos. 3200 and 3201, U.S.N.M.; leugth, is to 7 mm. Seven males and three females in the Musenm collection.

Locality.-Missachusetts.

## RHAMPHOMYIA TERSA, new snecies.

Male.-Hear black, bluish-gray pollinose; eyes contiguous, upper facots much larger than the lower ones; antenma blark, first two joints yellowish, the third slender, sublanceolate; style about one-third as long as the third jont; proboscin scarcely longer than height of head; palpi black; thorax, plema, and scutelhm black, opaque, bluish-gray pollinose, the sparse pile and bristles blark; sentellum bearing fom bristles; abdomen blackish, tinged in places with yellowish, opaque dark gray pollinose; its pile rather long and quite abondant. yellowish; bypopygim rather large, ascending, upper lamelle ronsiderably swollen, and below apex of eacle a cylindrical, fleshy, hary process projecting backward; intermediate lamella longer than the others, nearly horizontal, their apices studded with mmerous very short black spunes; filament slightly thickened at lase, then slender and Hexnons, not fractured; venter compressed, oparue, yellowish except at apex; legs simple. slender, yelluw, meluding the cox:e; hind femora ontwardly, their tibiee aud all the tarsi, yellowish hrown, front metatarsi slightly thicker than the middle ones, not quite so thick, but fully as long, as the hind ones; knob of halteres light yellow; wings hyaline; veins and stigma
browinish: fourth vein entire; base of costa bearing a black bristle at least twice as long as the adjacent pile.

Type.-No. $3 \because 02$, U.S.N.M.; one male; length, $\pi$ mm.
Locrlity.-New Hampshire.

## RHAMPHOMYIA COMPTA, new species.

Male.-Head back. eyes contignoms; anteme dark brown, tirst joint slightly over twice as long as the second, the third twice as long as the first, tapering quite rapidly near the base, then of nearly an equal width; style one-third as long as the third joint; proboseis slighty exceeding height of head, palpi blackish. Thorax black, wholly shining, its sparse pile and bristles black; plema brownish black; sentelInm black, beamg four bristles. Abdomen, ineluding the renter, shining brownish black, its pile white; hypopygimm rather large and groatly expanded below, yellow pilose, central filament slender, free, rey flexuons towarl its tip. Legs simple, yellow including the cosid; tarsi hown, metatarsi less than one-half as long as their tibia. mithlle and hind metatarsi thicker than the front ones. Halteres yellow. Wings pure hyaline, the veins and stigma brownish, fourth vein entire,

Type.-No. 3-03. Г.S.N.M.; one male; length, ${ }^{3} \mathrm{~mm}$.
Locality.-United States.

## RHAMPHOMYIA NASONI, new species.

Femule. Head black, gray pollinose; antemnc yellow, the third joint exrepting the moler side at the base blatk, rather broad; the style blatk, ome-fifth as long as the third joint; proboscis yellow, one and onethird times as long as height of head, palpi yellow. Thoras black, opaque brownish gray pollinose, marked with three slemder dark brown vittar, its sparse pile and beistles black; hmmeri and a streak back of each, yellow; plema dark brown, blush gray pollinose, pile in front of the halteres black. Scutellum coloret like the thoax, bearing four bristles. Abdomen comp:essed, opaque dark brown, hind margins of the first six segments, especially on the sides, yellow; veater wholly yellow: the two analstylets largely yellow. Legs rather slemder. light yellow, including the coxie; tarsi infinsated toward the tips: legs a estitute of sales and long hairs. Wings whitish hyatine from base nearly to the apex of the diseal cell, from thence to the tip dark brown, marked with a white costal spot heyond the tip of the first vein; veins normal, colorless from the base to the branching of the second and third veins, beyond this brown; last section of the fifth vein one-half longer than the pennltimate section.

Type.-No. 3:04, U.S.N.M.; length, is mm. I single sperimen ("aptured Nay 6 , 1894, by Dr. W. A. Nason, after whom I take pleasme in naming this handsome species.

Locality.-Illinois.

## RHAMPHOMYIA DUPLICIS, new species.

Male.-Head black, lightly gray pollinose, eyes contignous, upper facets much larger than the lower ones; antenna black, third joint sublanceolate, style one-fourth as long as the third joint; proboseis slightly longer than height of hearl, palpi black. Thorax black, subshining, except two vitta and the lateral margins which are gray pollinose; pile rather abmulant and long, black; plema hlack, opaque dark gray pollinose, its pile black; scutellum black, subshining, bearing six bristles. Abriomen depressed at base, then compressed, black, oparpe grayish black pollinose, its pile black; hypopygimm small, porrect, upper lamellie longer than the middle ones, apex of lower lamella bearing a very slemder, long, upwardly eurving seta; central filament rather thick, hinden except on its basal third. Legs shining black, rather slender, simple; front and middle metatarsi of an equal size, hind metatarsi over twice as thick as, and one-half longer than, the others. knob of halteres black. Wings gray, stigma and veins dark brown, fourth vein entre.

Fromate-biffers from the male as follows: Abrlomen depressed, tapering to the apex; middle metatarsi slighty thicker than the front ones: muler side of middle aud hind femora diliate with nearly erect scales: wings uniformly grayish brown.

Types.-Nos. 3205 and 3206 , I.S.N.M.; length, 4 to 5 mm. Two males and two females captured by the writer in February and Mareh.

Locality.-Sonthem Califoruia.

## RHAMPHOMYIA BIFILATA, new species.

Male.-Head black, "pirfue, gray pollinose, eyes contiguous, upper faccots much larger than the lower ones; antemar black, the thire joint contracted on its under side, then of nearly an equal width; style onefomthas long as the thind joint; proboscis nearly one-half longer than height of head. palpi black. Thorax, plewa, and sentelhum black, bluish sray pollinose, subopaque; pile black, on the thorax long and rather aboudant: soutellum bearing four bristles. Abdomen compressed, black, opaque, grayish-white pollinose, its pile black; hypowinm rather small, porrect; "pper lamella narow, slighty longer than the middle ones; the latter broad, obliquely subtruncated at apices, the lowar corner produced beyond the upper one, and rounded; a long, slender, upwardly eurving seta issuing fiom apex of lower lamella; central filament rather thick, hidden except on its lower third. Lens black, simple, hind tibia greatly thickened on the apical part and densely long black pilose; front and middle metatarsi subequal in size, the hind ones nearly three times as thick and one-fourth longer than the others; all the tibie with many long black pile. Knob of halteres black. Wings whitish hyaline, stigma obsolete, veins brown; fourth vein rntire.

Femele.-Same as the male, with these exceptions: Abdomen depressed, tanemg to the apex, hind tibia not thinemed at the tips. their pile and that of the other tibia rather short ; wings brownish gray stigma dark brown.

Types.-Nos. 3207 and 3208 , U.S.N.M. ; lengeth, $3!2$ to 4 mm. A mate and female eaptured by the writer in February and March.

Lonality.-Sonthern California.

RHAMPHOMYIA AVIDA, new species.
Malc.-Head black, gray pollinose, eyes contiguons, facets of nearly a miform size; antenna black, third joint very broad, gradually tapering to apex, style samely mesixth as long as the thard joint; proboscis one-fourth longer than height of heal, palpi datk bown. Thorax black, opaque, bluish gray pollinose, its pile rather long and quite abundant, mixed yellow and black; plema black, blnish gray pollinose, its pile yellow; sentellum concolorons with thorax, bearing four back bristles. Abdomen black, opaque, bhish gray pollinose, its pile rather long and quite abundant, yellowish white; hypopsinm small, uppen lamellar searcely half as long as the middle ones, filament bristle-like, arcuate, free on its lower thifd, issuing from middle of hypopyginm. Legs simple, rather stout, blackish brown, fimished with rather iong black bristles; front and middle metatarsi suberful in size, the hime ones nearly twice as thick as the others. Knob of halteres yellowish brown. Wings hyaline, stigma and veins brown, fonth vein entire.

Type.-No. :300, C.S.N.M.; length, $3 \frac{1}{4}$ to 4 mm . Seven males, collerted in Apmil and May.

Loctlity.-Massachnsetts.

## RHAMPHOMYIA OTIOSA, new species.

Female.-Head blatk, sulashining, lightly brownish pollinose, antennat back, third joint sublanceolate, styte one-third as longe as the third joint; proboscis nearly one-half longer than height of head; papi black. Thorax, plewa, and sentelhm black, subshining, very lightly pollinose, the pile and bristles black; scotellmm bearing four bristles. Abromen depressed, dark brown, tapering to the tip, its sparse pile black. Legs robnst, dark brown, hind femora and tibite compressed, upper and under sides of the middle and hind femora, and the inner and onter sides of the hind tibise ciliate with nearly erect scales; middle metatarsi thicker and longer than the frontones, himd metatarsi nearly twice as thick and one-half longer than the middle ones. Kinob of halteres blankish, fourth vein entire.

Type.-No. 3210 , U.S N.M.; length, 3 mm . A single speeimen.
Locality.-Colorado.

RHAMPHOMYIA SETOSA, new species.
Male.-Head black, gray pollinose, eyes contiguous, upper facets much larer than the lower ones; antenne black, third joint rather broad at base, style one-third as long as the third joint; proboscis slightly longer than height of head, palpi black. Thorax black, sub. shining, its pile long and rather abumbant, black; plemra black, gray pollinose, its pile black; sentellum black, gray pollinose, bearing eight bristles. Alodomen black, subshining lightly grayish-black pollinose; its pile long and rather abundant, black; hypopygium rather large, upper lamella short, as broad as long, each bearing at its mper angle a backwardly directed hook; middle lamellat much longer than the upper, long black pilose on lower side, and just before the tip bearing a rather long, downwardly directed process; filament very thick at base, then suddenly attenuated and arcuate, the attennated portion rather robust. Legs black, simple, rather stont, furnished with many long black pile; front and middle metatarsi nearly equally slender, the hind ones slightly thicker than the others. Knob of halteres blark. Wings hyaline, tinged with brown in the basal and anal rells; stigma grayish brown, veins dark brown, entire, costa near the base bearing two long black bristles.

Closely related to R. nifricans, Loew, but in that species the filament of the hypopygimm is Hexnoms towart the apex and not suddenly thickened at the base, the wings are whitish and withont the brown tinge in the basal and anal cells, the base of the costa bears a single long bristle, and the abdomen is whitish pollinose.

It is also closely related to $R$. clarigera, Loew, which I have not seen, but in that species the upper lamelle of the hyponyginm are described as being slender, instead of very broad, and the filament is said to be very slemder, instead of vather robust, and suddenly thickened at the base.

Type.-No. 3211 , U.S.N.M.; length, :3! mm. Fom males in the Muscum collection.

Locality.-New Hampshire.

## RAMPHOMYIA INSECTA, new species.

Mule.-Black, including the palpi and halteres, the abdomen and legs tinged with brown: eyes contignons, upper facets noticenbly larger than the lower ones; thind antenal joint mather broad, the style one-third as long as this joint; proboseis subequal in length to height of head. Thorax and plenra opaque grayish-hrown pollinose, the pile of the former rather abmodat and long, black on both thorax and plema. Scatellum bearing four bristles, besides a few short pile. Abrlomen depressed, sulshining, its pile rather abomdant, that on the dorsmm very short, mixed yellowish ant black; hypopygimm rather large, somewhat
portert, upper lamella very slender, three times as long as broad, of an equal length with median ones; filament yellow, free, very broad at base, suddenly narowed to less than half its width at the dirst third of its moder side, then gradually tapering to the apex, not flexmons. Legs slender, simple, thickly but rary short pilose; fiont metatarsi noticeably more slender than the middle ones, hime metatarsi twice as thick but searcely longer than the midde ones. Wings grayish, stigmat pale brownish, veins normal. brown, last section of fifth vein longer than the penultimate section.

Femule.-Same as the male, except front and middle metatarsi sub). equal in size, the hind ones nearly twice as thick as, and slightly longer than, the others.

Type.-No. 3212 and 3213, U.S.N.M.; length, 4 mm. A single male and female in the Mnsemm collection.

Loculity.-Texas.

RHAMPHOMYIA EFFERA, new species.
Female.-Head black, gray pollinose; antenne black, first two joints brown, the third lanceolate; style one-fourth as long as the third joint; proboscis slighty longer than height of head, palpi brown. Thomax, plem:a, and sentellum black, gray pollinose, subshining, pile and bristles of thorax mostly black, pile in front of halteres whitish; sentelhm bearing four bristles. Abdomen brown, subshining, tapering behind, its pile yellowish. Legs slender, dark brown, base of femora and the coxie lighter, more brownish yellow; muder sides of middle and hind femora eiliate with nearly erect scales, the rpper sides ciliate with short setie; metatarsi of nearly an equal thickuess and length. Knob of halteres pale yellow. Wings brownish gray, stigma darker, veins brown, fourth vein entire.

Type.-No. 3:14, U.S.N.M.: one temale; length, 4 mm.

## RHAMPHOMYIA MANCA, new species.

Male.-Heal black, bluish-glay pollinose; eyes contiguons. 口pper facets not larger than the lower; antenne black, third joint broadly lanceolate, style one-fifth as long as the third joint; moboscis somewhat longer than height of hearl. Thorax, plema, sontellum, and abdomen back, opaque bhish-gray pollinose, the pile and bristles whitish; scutellum bearing only two bristles; hypopygimm large, ascending, the filament hidden. Legs simple, very lark bown, tarsi white except the last two or three joints and the front metatarsi f font and hind metatarsi suberpal in size, slightly thicker than the middle ones, not one-half as long as theirtibie. Knobof halteres light yellow. Wings whitish, veins concolorous, except the costa beyond apex of first vein; last fourth of ultimate section of the fourth vein obliterated before reaching the wing margin; stigma wanting.

Female.-l)iffers from the male as follows: Abolomen very dark brownish, not gray pollinose, subshining, tapering posteriorly. Tarsi brown, base of metatarsi yellowish.

Types.-Nos. 3215 and 3216 , U.S.N. $11 .:$ length, $2 \frac{1}{2}$ mm. Three males and one female in the Musem collection.

Locality.-North Carolina.

## RHAMPHOMYIA VALGA, new species.

Male.-Head black, gray pollinose, eyes contignoms, upper facets larger than the lower ones; antemite dark brown, second joint lighter, the thind rather broad, lanceolate; style one-fourth as long as the third joint; proboscis slightly longer than height of head, palpi dark brown. Thorax, plenra, and sentellum black, opaque bluish-gray pollinose, the sparse pile and bristles black; sentellum bearing two bristles. Abdomen black, the basal lialf mottled yellow and brown, subshining, compressed, its pile rather abmonant and long, back; hypopygimm small, ascending, the mper lamella very small and mot swollen; central filament yellow, thick, arenate, free except at apex; venter yellowish on basal half. Legs brown, extreme base of each tibia yellow; coxa rank yellow; hind femora much thickened toward the apices, the underside of each just before the tip bearing a rather large rombled mocess; near its base each hind tibia is hollowed ont at a point opposite the process in the femmr, so that when the legs are folded up the femoral process fits into the hollow in the tibia; the onter edge of this hollow is not fringed with sete. Front metatarsi slightly thicker and longer than the middle ones, hind metatarsi considerably thicker but no longer than the front ones. Knob of halteres dark yellow. Wings hyaline, stisma obsolete, veins brown, fomtli vein entire.

Type.-No. 3217 , U.S.N.M.; one male; length. 4 mm .
Lorality.-New Hampshire.

## RHAMPHOMYIA CILIATA, new species.

Mrle.-Hean black, face shining, eyes contignons: antennae black, thind joint sublanceolate, style nearly one-third as long as the third joint ; proboscis shorter than height of hear, palpi black. Thorax and sentellma shining black and flestitute of pollen, plema and metanotmm blackish, opaque gray pollinosr: sentellum hearing only two bristles; sparse pile and bristles of thorax, plemra, and scatelnm light yellowish. Abdomen shining dark brown, its sparse pile whitish; hypopygimu small, ascending, central filament bidden. Legs simple, very dark bown, including the tarsi, extreme lases of tibia yellowish; front metatarsi slightly thicker but shorter than the middle ones, hind metatarsi much thicker and longer than the others; lower sides of fiont metatarsi, of middle femora, and inner sides of middle tibice ciliate with short black seta; on outer side of each middle tibia, near its middle and also near its tip, is a rery long bristle. Knob of halteres dull yellowish. Wings hyaline, reins and stigma brownish, fonth rein entire.

Female--Differs from the male as follows: Proboscis somewhat longer than height of head. Abdomen tapering to apex. Find metatarsi scarely thicker than the front ones: fromt metatarsi amd midule tibia not ciliate, mo iong bristles on outer sole of middle tibiar: middle femora on under sides and hind femorat on upper and meder sides riliate with nearly erect scales. Wings grayish.

Types.-Nos. $: 218$ and $: 2219$, U.S.N.M.; length. $3 \frac{1}{2}$ to $4 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~mm}$. Owe male and two females in the Mnsem collection.

Locality.-New Hampshire.

## RHAMPHOMYIA SCUTELLARIS, new species.

Male--Ilead black. gray pollinose, eyes contignons, mpper facets much larger than the lower ones : antemase black, third joint contracted on the under side near the middle, the terminal portion of nearly an equal width: style more than one thind as long as the third joint; proboscis one-fomrth longer than height of head, palpi black. Thorax black, subshining, lightly grayish brown pollinose and marked with three black vittre, pile rather abmodant and long, black; plema hlack, opaque glayish brown pollinose, its pile black; sentellum black, subshining, lightly grayish brown pollinose, bearing fonteen bristles. Abdomen depressed, black, subshining, lightly gray pollinose; its pile back. himd margins of segments 2 to 6 pale yellow; hypopygimm small, porrect, lower lamelle emrving יpward and pointed at apices, central filancut lidden except at extreme base. Legs black, rather slemder, simple; front metatarsi slightly thicker and longer than the middle ones, hind metatarsi much thicker and one third longer than the front ones. Knob of halteres pale yellow. Wings dark gray, somewhat brownish along the veins, stigma and veins dark brown, fonrth vein entire.

Type-No. 3220, U.S.N.M.: length, 11 mm . A single male taken by the witer.

Loctlity.-Northern California.

## RHAMPHOMYIA FIMBRIATA, new species.

Male.—llead black, brownish gray pollinose except on oral margin, eyes contignous, upper facets much larger than the lower ones; antenne black, the third joint broan, gradnally tapering to the apex, style one-half as long as the third joint; proboscis one-third longer than height of head, patpi black. Thorax smbshining, lightly brownish pollinose, almost brassy, and marked with thiee black vittie, its pile and bristles black; plemra black, suboparge, gray and brownish polīinose, its pile black; scutellum black, subshining, lightly brownish pollinose, bering fom bristles. Abdomen subdepressed, black. shining, its pile and long lateral bristles black; hypopyginm lather large, ascending, abundant black pilose; central filament thick, free exept near the apex,
not fractured nor flexnous. Legs blark, rather robust, simple; front metatarsi sliwhtly thicker and longer than the middle ones, hind metatarsi mneh thicker and one-fomth longer than the front ones. Knob of halteres yellow. Wings brownish gray, stigma and veins dark brown, fon'th vein entire.

Femule.-Same as the male, with these exceptions: Under sides of middle and hind femora ciliate with nearly erect seales; front metatarsi not noticeably thicker than the midnle ones.

Types.-Nos. 3221 and 3222 , U.S.N.M.; length, 9 to 10 mm . Two males and four females captured by the writer in Mareh.

Lorctity.-California.

## RHAMPHOMYIA ABDITA, new species.

Male.-Head black, oparue gray pollinose; eyes contiguons, upper facets much larger than the lower; antenne blackish, thind joint broadly lanceolate, style almost one-third as long as the third joint; proboscis slightly longer than height of head. Thorax subopaque black, gray pollinose, its sparse pile aml bristles black; plema black, gray pollinose, its pile whitish; scotellnm opaque gray pollinose, bearing fur bristles. Abrlomen somewhat depressed, black, subshining, its pile whitish; hypopyginm small, the filament hidden. Legs hack, hind tibiee strongly enrved inward near the base, front tibie dilated on the inner sides of the apical two-thirds, the dilater portion thickly ciliate with short seta and pile; front metatarsi as thick as, but only two-thirds as long as, the hind ones; midnle metatarsi muth slenderer than the others. Knob of halteses dark yellow. Wings hyaline, veins normal, stigma brown.

Female.-Same as the male, with these exceptions: Hind tibiax straight, front ones not dilated, front metatarsi noticeably thicker than the hind ones; both sides of femora, and of front and hind tibis, also imer sides of middle tibiar on the basal third, ciliate with nearly erect scales.

Types.-Nos. 3223 and 3224 , U.S.N.M.; length, 6 mm . One male and three females collected by Prof. C. V. Piper.

Locality.-Washington.

## RHAMPHOMYIA VIRGATA, new species.

Female.-Head black, oparne gray pollinose next the antenne, elvewhere shining; antemne very dark brown, third joint but slightly narrowing toward the apex, which is unsually broad; style one-sixth as long as the third joint; proboscis three times as long as height of lead, palpi brown. Thorax bhack, grayish white pollinose except four shining vittar, a humeral spot, ant the narrow lateral margin; the two median vitta begin at the prothorin and extend slightly behind the snture; the lateral ones begin near the hind edge and extend three-
fourths the distance to the front end; sparse pile and bristles black; plem"a black, lightly white pollinose. its pile whitish; scutelhm batck, lightly white pollinose, bearing four bristles. Abomen black, very shining, depressed, tapering postcrionly, its sparse pile whitish; harow hind margins of segments $\because 2$ to 4 laterally whitish. Legs blatek, shining except on the coxir, simple, rather slender; metatarsi of nearly an equal thickness, the hind ones one fonth longer than the otliers. Knob of halteres pale yellow. Wings grayish hyaline, veins and stigma brown, forrth vein entire.

Type.-No. 3225, U.S.N.M.; one female; length, 7 mm.
Loculity.-Massachusetts.

## RHAMPHOMYIA SUDIGERONIS, new species.

Male.-Black in all its parts excepting the light yellow halteres and central filament of the hypopygium. Eyes contiguons, upper facets much larger than the lower ones; thind antemal joint broad, two and a half times as long as broad, style nearly as long as the third joint; proboseis nearly twice as long as height of head. Thorax subshining, lightly gray pollinose, marked with three black vittie, the pile confined to these vittex and to the broad lateral margins, quite aboudant and rather long, black; pleura light gray pollinose, its pile black. Scutellum subshining, naked except the four marginal bristles. Abdomen subshining, the base subdepressed, toward the tip somewhat eompressed, its pile quite abindant and rather long, black; hypopygimm rather large, upper lamellae slender, shorter than the median, the latter only slightly longer than broad; central filament free except its apex, arcuate, rather robust. Legs rather robust. simple, the midille and hind tibice bearing several quite long bristles; front metatarsi somewhat thicker and one-third longer than the midhle ones; hind metatarsi noticeably thicker and one-fourth longer than the front ones; hind roxie greatly swollen at the middle. Wings miformly pale brown, stigma dark brown, veins normal.

Female.-Same as the male, except that the abdomen is depressed, and the muler side of the hind femora is ciliate with nearly erect seales.

Types.-Nos. 3226 and 3227 , U.S.N.M.; length, 7 to 10 mm . Eleven males and six females collected by the writer in Mareh and April.

Locality.-California.

## RHAMPHOMYIA AMPLICELLA, new species.

Female.-Head black, gray pollinose; antenne black, the third joint broad, gradnally tapering to the apex, style one-fourth as long as the third joint; proboscis slightly longer than height of head, palpi black. Thorax, pleura, and scotellum black, opaque, gray pollinose, thorax marked with two blackish vittar, its short, sparse pile ant the bristles black; pile of pleura whitish; sentelhm bearing four bristles. Abdo-
men taprexing to the tip. black, opaque, on the first five segments densely silcery white pollinose. that on the remaining segments grayish hown, its isile sparse. whitish. Legs black, simple; fiont metatarsi much thicker than the middle ones, as thick and nearly as long as the hind ones. Knob of halteres whitish. Wings hyaline on the rosto-hasal half, the remaining portion grayish brown, stigma and reins dark brown; discal cell umnsually long, almost reaching the wing margin, second and thind posterior rells mited; posterion cross vein simuons, its middle portion nearly parallel with the fourth vein, near its lower end bent at nearly a right angle.

Type.-No. 32es, U.S.N.M.; length, 4 mm. A single female captured by the writer in February.

Locality.-Sonthem California.

## RHAMPHOMYIA STYLATA, new species.

Female.-llead blark, grayish brown pollinose; antemar black, third joint sublanceolate; style musually large, over one-half as long as the thind joint; proboscis slightly longer than height of head, palpi black. Thorax and sentellum black, subshining, lightly brownish gray pollinose, thorax marked with three blackish vittee, its pile rather long, black; plema black, opaque brownish gray pollinose, its pile black; scutellm bearing four bristles. Abdomen compressed, tapering to the apex, blark, dark gray pollinose, the narrow hind margin of each segment except the first, shining; entire eighth segment shining, sparse pile of abdomen black. Legs very robust, black, under sides of the middle and hind femora, and imer sirles of the hind tibia ciliate with nearly erect seales; hind femora nearly twice as thick as their tibie; front metatarsi slightly thicker than the middle oues, hind metatarsi considerably thicker and longer than the front ones. Knob of halteres pale yellow. Wings brownish gray, stigma brown, veius dark brown, fourth vein ratire.

Type.-No. $3 \geq 2!$ !, U.S.N.N.; length, $\overline{\frac{1}{2}}$ mm. A single female taken by the writer in Mareh.

Locality.-Southern Califoruia.

## RHAMPHOMYIA PILIGERONIS, new species.

Male.-llead black, gray pollinose, eyes contiguons, 口pper facets much larger than the lower; antenna black, third joint rather narrow, style one-fifth as long as the third joint: proboscis as long as height of head, balpi black. Thorax black, opaque. bluish gray pollinose, marked with three dark brown vittar, its sparse pile, like the bristles, pale yellowish: pleura black, bluish gray pollinose, its pile white; seutellumblack, gray pollinose, bearing tour light yellow bristles. Abdomen black, opaque, grayish black pollinose, its pile long and quite abundant, light yellow; hypopyginu very long, slender, projecting obliquely
forwarl over the back, more than three times as long as perpendicular diameter of last abdominal segment; tilament very thick at extreme base, theu suddenly beeming slemder and bristle-like, nearly twice as long as the hind femora, ascending over the back and slightly sinnons, beyond its middle curving and descending to the hypopygimm. Legs simple, rather stont, blackish brown, the middle and hind pair beset with long light yellow bristles, which are excessively long on the under side of the hind femora and on outer side of the hind tibia; front and hind metatarsi of nearly an equal size, the middle ones much more slender and shorter than the others. Knob of halteres light yellow. Wings hyaline, stigma obsolete, veins brown, fourth vein entire but very slender, as is also the anterior intercalary and posterior cross vein.

Type.-No. 3s:30, U.S.N.M.; length, 4 mm . A siugle male collected by Mr. Charles Robertson.

Locality.-Illinois.

## RHAMPHOMYIA FLEXUOSA, new species.

Male.-Head black, lightly gray pollinose, eyes contiguons, upper facets moch larger than the lower ones; antemne dark brown, the third joint black, sublanceolate, style nearly one-half as long as the third joint; proboseis nearly one-half longer than height of head, palpi black; thorax, pleura, and scutellum black, lightly grayish brown pollinose, subshining, the sparse pile and bristles black; sentellum bearing four bristles; abdomen black, shining, compressed, its pile rather long, sparse, black; hypopygium rather Iarge, ascendiug; filament free, slenter, yellow, not fractured, very flexuons toward the tip; legs sleuler, simple, wholly brownish black; front and middle metatarsi of an equal size, the hind ones twice as thick as and one-half longer than these. Knob of halteres light yellow; wings, uniformly brownish gray, veins and stigma dark brown, fourth vein entire.

Female.-Same as the male, except that the abdomen is dull brownish and tapers to the tip.

Types.-Nos. 3231 and 3232, U.S.N.M.; length, 6 mm. A single male and female in the Musemm collection.

Loculity.-Colorado.

## RHAMPHOMYIA PARVA, new species.

Female.-Head black, bluish gray pollinose; antenur black, third joint lanceolate; style one-sixth as long as the third joint; proboseis scarcely longer than height of head, palpi black. Thorax, pleura, and scutellum black, opaque, bluish gray pollinose, the sparse pile and bristles black; sentellum bearing four bristles. Abdomen very dark brown, opaque, very lightly gray pollinose, tapering posteriorly. Legs rather slender, dark brown; under sides of hind femora ciliate with nearly erect scales; front and middle metatarsi of an equal size, sowe-

Proc. N. M. 95-2S
what slenderer, but scareely shorter, than the hind ones. Knob of halteres pale yellow. Wings dark gray, veins and stigma brownish, fourth vein entire.

Type.-No. 3233, U.S.N.M.: one female ; length, $2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~mm}$.
Locality.-Massachusetts.

## RHAMPHOMYIA GILVIPILOSA, new species.

Female.-Black, the halteres yellowish. Head dark gray pollinose, a row of black bristles along each side of the front. Third joint of antenne broad, two and one-half times as long as wide, the style onefifth as long as the third joint; proboscis one-third longer than height of head. Thorax opaque, dark gray pollinose, marked with four black vittie, its short pile and bristles yellowish; pleura gray pollinose, its pile white; sentellum bearing only two bristles. Abdomen subopaque, its pile rather long and abundant, yellowish white. Legs destitute of scales and of long pile; front metatarsi slightly thicker than the middle ones, hind metatarsi considerably thicker and one-third longer than the front ones. Wings pale brown, the stigma and veins slighty darker, last section of the fifth vein twice as long as the pennltimate section.

Type.-No. 3234 , U.S.N.M.; length, 4 to $\overline{\mathrm{J}} \mathrm{mm}$. Collected by Dr. W. A. Nason and Mr. Charles Robertson.

Locality.-Illinois.

## NEOCOTA, new genus.

Same as Rhamphomyia, except that the face is thickly covered with long pile. Third vein simple, not furcate, diseal cell complete, sending three reins to the wing margin; anal cell shorter than the second basal, the vein at its apex nearly parallel with the hind margin of the wing.

Type Nैeocota weedii, new species, described below.

NEOCOTA WEEDII, new species.
Male.-Head black, face and front somewhat shining, face thickly eovered with long black pile; eyes very narrowly separated; the interval narrower than width of the lowest ocellus; antenne black, first joint three times as long as the second, thickly long black pilose above and below; third joint twice as long as the first, broad, slightly tapering on its basal three-fourths, thence rapidly tapering to the apex; style one-third as long as the third joint; proboseis searcely longer than leight of head, palpi blackish brown. Thorax black, opaque (markings effaced in the single specimen examined); pile of thorax long, abundant, black. that at each end of pleura black; seutellum bearing about twelve black bristies besides several long black pile. Abdomen depressed, black, opaque, the sides covered with abundant long black pile; hypopygium rather large, aseending; upper lamellie very small, the intermediate ones very large, not tapering toward the apex, blackish brown, long black pilose; central filament yellow, hidden except on
its basal thircl. Coxie black, femora and tibie dark brown, tarsi black; legs simple, abondant long black pilose, front metatarsi distinctly thicker but not longer than the midde ones, hind metatarsi much thicker and one-third longer than the front ones. Halteres brownish yellow. Wings miformly dark brown, fourth vein entire.

Type.-No. 32:m, U.S.N.M.; length, 8 mm. A single specimen received from Prof. II. E. Weed, after whom the species is named.

Locality.-Mississippi.

## Genus MEGHYPERUS, Loew.

## MEGHYPERUS OCCIDENS, new species.

Mete.-Black in all its parts, including the antemae, proboseis, palpi, halteres, and legs; eyes contiguons, thind antennal joint conical, slightly longer than wide, the arista two-thirds as long as the third joint; proboseis horizontal, nearly as long as height of head. Thorax subshining, lightly gray pollinose, that on the pleura more dense; sentellum bearing six black bristles. Abdomen opaque velvet black, its pile whitish; venter gray pollinose, hypopygium small, jorrect, slightly longer than the seventh segment. Legs rather rolust, destitute of bristies; upper sides of hind femora with a firinge of white pile, himl femora somewhat broader than any of the others, their tibie greatly dilated, widening from the base to the middle, then of nearly an equal width to the apex, which is romuded, at its greatest wilth nearly twice as wide as the hind femora; hind metatarsi nearly twice as thick as any of the others. Wings hyaline, stigma and reins brown, anal cell nearly as long as the second basal.

Female-Same as the male, except that the eyes are broadly separated, front shining, abdomen subshining, hind tibie slightly narrower.

Types.-Nos. 3236 and 3237 , U.S.N.M.; length, $\rightleftharpoons 2$ to 3 mm . Three males and two females taken by the writer in April and June.

Locality.-Sonthern California.

Genus LEPTOPEZA, Macquart.

ANALYTICAL KEY TO THE SPECHES OF LEPTOIEZA.

Black, the palpi, greater portion of the legs, and the halteres yellowish; length, 4 mm flaxipes. Yellowish, the head and greater portion of the abdomen, blackish; length nearly
compta.

LEPTOPEZA COMPTA, new species.
Female.-Head black, gray pollinose, eyes contignous; antemme yellow, third joint elongate oval, twice as long as broad. the arista black and nearly twice as long as the antenne; proboseis and palpi yellow,
proboscis less than one-third as long as height of head. Thoras, pleura, scutellum, and metanotum yellow, sentellum bearing two long yellow bristles, besides several very short ones. Abdomen blackish brown, the first segment, narrow lateral margins and front margin of each segment, yellow; venter yellow. Legs slender, light yellow, including the cosie. Halteres light yellow. Wings grayish hyaline, stigma wanting, first vein extending considerably beyond apex of discal cell.

Type.-No. 3238 , U.S.N.II.; length, nearly 4 mm. Two female specimens, one of which was eaptured June 15.

Locality.-New Hampshire and Massachnsetts.

Genus SYNECHES, Walker.

ANALYTICAL KEY TU THE SPECIES OF SYNECIIES.1. Wings unspotted, or marked with only one black spotWings markel with a black spot beyond apex of first vein and another at apexof second vein; marginal cell at tip of first vein twice as wide as thesubmarginal cell at the same pointsimplex.
2. Legs partly or wholly yellowash ..... 3
Legs wholly black, thorax marked with a white pollinose humeral spot, and with a similar one in front of the scutellum; stigma brownishalbonotatur.
3. Wings marked with a brown stigmal spot ..... 4
Wings with a pale grayish stigmal spot, femora wholly yellow . . hyalinus (p.437).Wings unspotted, knob of halteres and the entire body black, apex of secondvein strongly curved, bases of femora black.......................... pusillus.4. Marginal cell at apex of first vein twice as wide as the submarginal cell atthe same point; knob of halteres whitish5
Marginal cell at tip of first vein not wider than the submarginal cell at thesame point; knob of halteres black ............................. debilis (p. 436).
5. Thorax wholly yellowish .....  rufus.Thorax marked with three black vittee, or wholly blackishthoracicus.

## SYNECHES DEBILIS, new species.

Male-Antennse black, proboscis and palpi yellow. Thorax yellow, marked with three vitte and a lateral spot of yellowish brown. Abdomen and knob of halteres black. Legs yellow, the last tarsal joint, apices of hind femora, middle of hind tibise and of their first tarsal joints, black. Wings grayish hyaline, stigma pale smoky brown, marginal eell at tip of first vein not wider than the submarginal cell at the same point.

Type.-No. 3239 , U.S.N.M.; length, $3 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~mm}$. Four specimens collected by the writer in June.

Locality.-District of Colnmbia and Maryland.

## SYNECHES HYALINUS, new species.

Female.-Opaque black; base of abdomen yellowish; antenna aud kuob of halteres yellowish brown; proboscis and legs yellow; coxil, trochanters, and tips of tarsi, black; wings hyaline; stigma pale grayish; marginal cell beyond apex of first vein nearly twice as wide as the submarginal cell at the same point.

Type.-No. 3240 , C.S.N.M. ; length, 5 mm. A single specimen captured by the writer.

Loculity.-Maryland.

## Genus HYBOS, Meigen.

ANALYTICAL KEY゙ TO THE SPECIES OF IHYOS.

> Knob of halteres rellowish, eres widely separated on the face, proboscis horny, rigid, longer than height of head, under side of first two joints of hind tarsi provided with short black spines:

> Wings lyyaline to discal cell, the remainder brown ......................... reversus.
> Wings, except the stigma, wholly hyaline....................... . . . slossonw (p. 437).

## HYBOS SLOSSON Æ, new species.

Male and female.-Head, including the antema, proboscis, and palpi, black; face broad, whitish poliinose; proboscis slender, rigid, slightly longer than height of head, only slighty longer than the palpi. Thorax black, shining, lightly pollinose, the pile rather long, yellowish white; plemra black, subshiuing, lightly pollinose, $n o$ long pile in front of halteres; scutellum black, subshining, bearing two long yellowish apical bristles and several shorter ones. Abdomen black, shining, its long pile yellowish white; in the female not tapering to a point behind, its apex rounded. Coxa and femora black, apices of front and middle femora yellow; front and middle tibid yellow, the hind ones black; tarsi yellow, under side of the first two joints of hind tarsi beset with small black points, sides of hind metatarsi destitnte of long black spines. Knob of halteres yellow. Wings hyaline, the stigma grayish brown.

Types.-Nos. 3041 and 3:42. U.S.N.M.; length, 3 to 4 mm . Eight males and nine females, one of which was received from Mrs. A. T. Slosson, to whom the species is respectfully dedicated.

Loculity.-New Hampshire.

## EUHYBUS, nevv genus.

Same as Hybos, with these exceptions: Eyes in both sexes contiguous on the face, proboscis much shorter than height of heat. under side of hind tarsi destitute of short black spines, halteres black. Contains the species: Hybos suljectus, Wallier, H. murpurens, W:alker, and $H$. triplex, Walker.

## Gienus PLATYPALPUS, Macquart.

An examination of the type of Oscinis crassifemoris, Fitch, now the property of the National Museum, proves that it belongs to Platypalpus. P. alexippus, Walker, is too imperfectly described to admit of giving it a place in the following table.

## ANALYTLCAL KEY TO THE SPECIEN OF PlATYPALPCN.

1. Thorax wholly black5
Thorax largely or wholly yellowish, femora and tibie wholly yellow, third antenual joint short ovate ..... 2
2. Withont a black vitta ou the thorax ..... 3
With such a vitta; head, middle of sentellum and dorsum of abdomen black, apical spur of middle tibie minute, first and second basal cells sub- equal, front femora scarcely thicker than the hind ones.... mesogrammus.
3. Head black ..... 4
Head and body and all the members except the eyes and antennal arista yellow, first basal cell shorter than the second, front femora twice as thick as the hind ones ..... tersus ( p .439 ).
4. First basal cell shorter than the second, sixth rein obsolete at base, proboscis wholly black, front femora moderately thickened letus.
First basal cell as long as the second, sixth vein not obsolete at base, proboscis sellow basally, front femora not thickened ..... flacirostris.
5. Fentora wholly yellow ..... 6
Femora yellow, front and hind ones marked with a subapical black dot, front femora moderately thickened, third antemnal joint short ovate, first and second basal cells subequal ..... apicalis.
Femora largely or wholly black, thiri antemal joint short ovate, first basal cell shorter than the second, front femora slightly thickened ..... 11
6. Middle femora greatly thiekened ..... 7
Middle femora subequal to the others, legs slender, subequal in size ..... vicarius.
7. Tarsi yellow, apex of each joint black ..... 8
Tarsi, except the first joint, wholly blackish, third antennal joint short lanceolate, front femora slightly thickened, first and second basal cells equal in length, sixth vein not obsolete at base ..... lateralis.
Tarsi of front legs of male wholly whitish, thickly white pilose; mildle tarsi wholly black, the first joint orate and on the side ciliate with short black pile; anal cell complete ..... discifer.
8. Anal cell open behind ..... 9
Anal cell complete, middle femora greatly thickenel ..... 10
9. Niddle femora greatly thickenel, spurs at tips of midelle tibie large, front femora very thick, third antemal joint lanceolate, first and second basal cells suberqual in length ..... aqualis.
Middle femora moderately thickened, spnrs at tips of front tibie medium, first two antenual joints yellow crassif cmoris, debilis.
10. Wings brownish; antenne, except the tip, sellow (female) ..... discifer.
Wings grayish hyaline, antenne wholly black, the third joint short ovate,front femora moderately thickenel, first basal cell shorter than thesecondtrivialis.11. Pleura, except a small spot, wholly oparque, whitish pollinose, middle femoragreatly thickened; inhalits the Atlantic Statespachyсиетия.
Plenra wholly shining, destitute of pollen, middle femora not thickened;inluabits Californiaincultus (1. 439).

## PLATYPALPUS TERSUS, new species.

Male and female.-Yellow in all its parts, only the eyes and arista black. Third antennal joint short oval, scarcely longer than broad. Front femora twice as thick as the hind ones, middle femora one-half thicker than the front ones. Wings hyaline, thid and fourth veins parallel, second basal cell longer than the first, sixth vein obsolete on its basal fourth, anal cell therefore open behind except near its apex.

Types.-Nos. 3243 and 3244 , U.S.N.M.; length, 2 to 3 mm . Five males and eleven females in the Musenm collection.

Locality.-Creorgia and North Carolina.

## PLATYPALPUS INCULTUS, new species.

Male.-Head black, shining; antenne black, third joint short oval, scarcely longer than broad, arista four times as long as the antenne; proboscis one-half as long as height of head, palpi black. Thorax shining black, its pile quite abundant, but short, depressed, yellowish; pleura shining black, not pollinose; sentellum black, bearing two long apical and two much shorter lateral bristles. Abdomen like the thorax. Front coxie yellowish, less than one-half as long as their tibia, the others blaek; front and middle legs yellowish, upper and lower sides of the femora blackish brown; tarsi and hind legs, exeept bases of tibie, blackish brown; fiont femora slightly thicker than the others, midule femora scarcely as thick as the hind ones; legs destitute of long bristles or pile. Knob of halteres yellowish. Wings hyaline, veins brownish, third vein reaching the costa slightly before the extreme apex of wing, second basal cell longer than the first a distance equaling three times the length of the cross vein at apex of the former cell; cross vein at apex of anal cell, and basal half of sixth vein, obliterated.

Type.-No. 324.5, U.S.N.M.; length, 2 mm. A single male collected in April.

Locality.-Sonthern California.

## Genus TACHYDROMIA, Meigen.

ANALYTICAL KEY TO THE SPECIES OV TACHYDROMIA.

Thorax wholly hlack ................................................................................
Thorax yellowish; inhabits Jamaica, West Indies................................... bucis.

1. Wings destituto of brown cross bands.

Wings whitish, markerl with two broad, brown eross bands; anal cross vein wauting, legs more or less yellowish, scntellum hearing four bristles schwarzii (1. 440).
2. Wings gray, eostal edge to thirl vein brown, anal cross vein wanting, front and middle femora striped with black, the hind ones largely hack pusilla.
Wings brown, the base, except a borter to the fifth vein, white; anal crossvein present; legs wholly black, halteres whitish, inner sides of middletibis not emarginate before the tipsclatipes.
Wings hyaline, base white, a black spot at last third of the costal margin, legs and antennee wholly black macnlipennis.
Wings brownish, the base white, anal cross vein present, middle femora yel-low, inncr sides of middle tibia of male emarginate near the tips.3
Wings wholly gray or brownish ..... 4
S. Front and hind femora narked with black ..... pax
Front and hind femora wholly sellowish ..... rostrata.
4. Femora and antenne wholly black ..... 5
Femora, or at least the front and middle ones, partly or wholly yellow, mid- dle femora wholly yellow ..... 6
5. Tibise and knob of halteres yellow ..... portacola.
Tibise and halteres black ..... winthemi.
6. Front femora marked with black ..... 7
Front femora wholly fellow, legs yellow, the hind ones black, halteres and antenne whitish ..... postica.
7. Tibise yellow, the middle and hind ones partly black, halteres and anteuneyellowsimilis.
Tibise wholly yellow, scutellum bispinose ..... fenestrata.

Mute and femmle.-Head black, opaque gray pollinose, the cheeks shining; antemue yellowish, the third joint short conical, the apical arista bristle-like. fonr times as long as the antemm; palpi nearly as long as the proboscis ant appressed to it, their front part densely covered with appressed silvery-white pile in the male. Thorax, plema, seutellum and abdomen shining black. Legs dark brown; bases of tibie and of tarsi, and sometimes of the femora, yellowish. Knob of halteres whitish. Wings whitish, crossed hy two broat, brown cross bands, the first extembing from base of secmul vein to slightly beyoml the posterior cross rein, the second extending from slightly beyond apex of fifth vein to a short distance beyond the tip of the secomb rein, leaving the base of the wing, a eross band just beyond the middle, and the tip of the wing, whitish: anal cross vein wanting, the other two of an efual length, the distance between them subequal to that between the small eross vein and base of the third rein, the second basal cell being much longer than the first: distance between tips of third and fourth veins equal to one-third of that between the secont and thind veins; marginal cell abont one-half as wide as the submarginal.

Types-Nos. 3246 and 3247 , U.S.N.Al. ; male and femate; length, $\ddot{Z}_{2}$ mm. The Ctah specimen was collected Jme 20, by Mr. E. A. Schwarz, after whom I take pleasure in maming this hamlsome species.

Locality.-Northern California and Utah.


[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ Entomological News, IV, June, 1893, p. 209.
    ${ }^{2}$ Bulletin des Séances de la Société Eutomologique de France, 1880, p. 47.
    ${ }^{3}$ Loc. cit., 1882, p. 91.
    ${ }^{4}$ Berliner Entomol. Zeitschritt, 1890, XXXV, p. 303.

[^1]:    ${ }^{1}$ Bull. Soc. Ent. France, 1887, pp. 141-142. Ann. Soc. Ent. France, 1889, 1p. 132-134.

